

Perceptually Based Rendering

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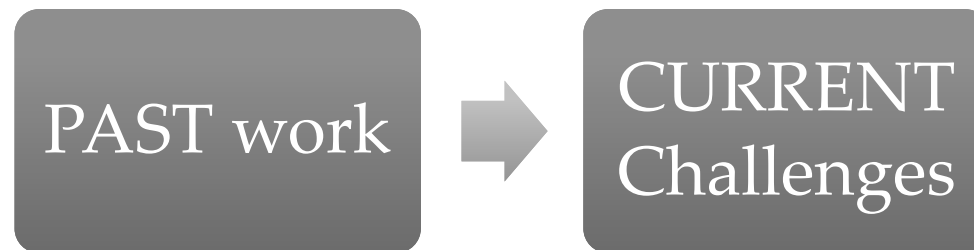


Perceptually Based Rendering

- What is perceptually-based rendering?
- History: Perception and Rendering
- Models: Transport and Input
- Hardware: 2D and 3D
- Experiments: Labs and Crowds

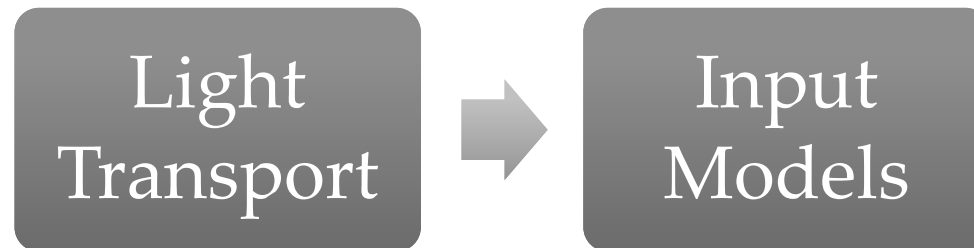
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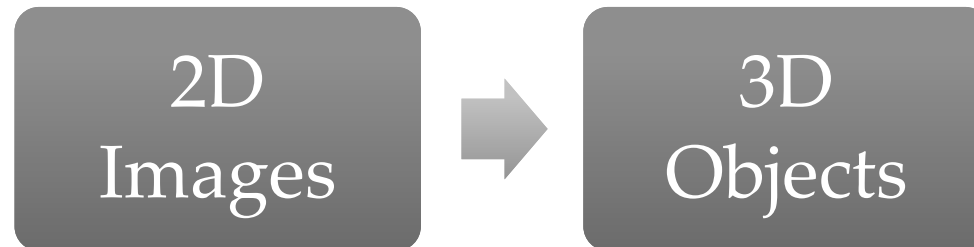
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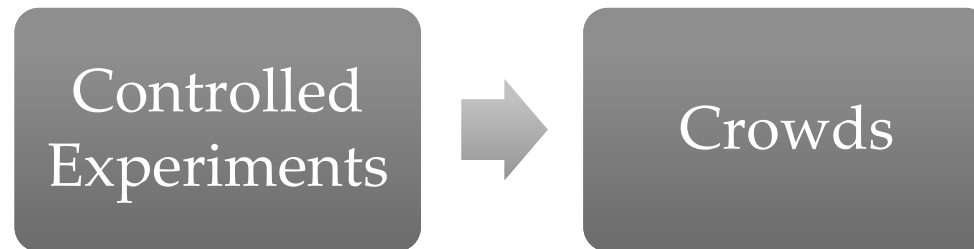
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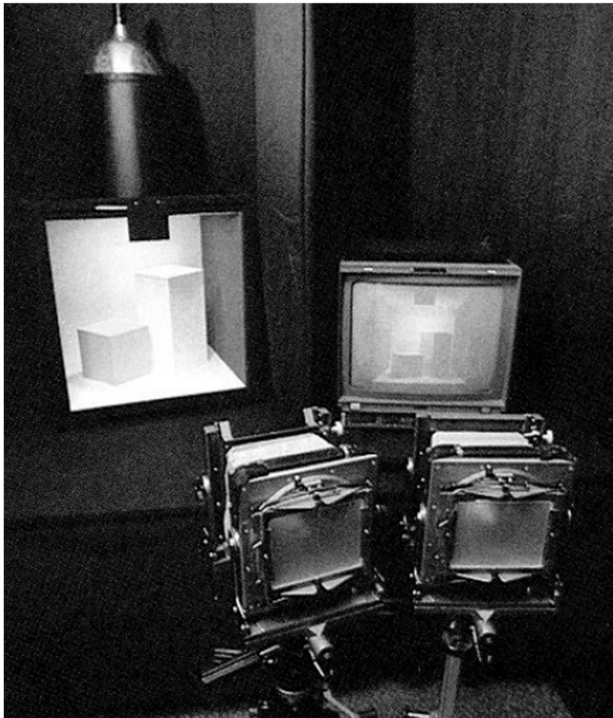


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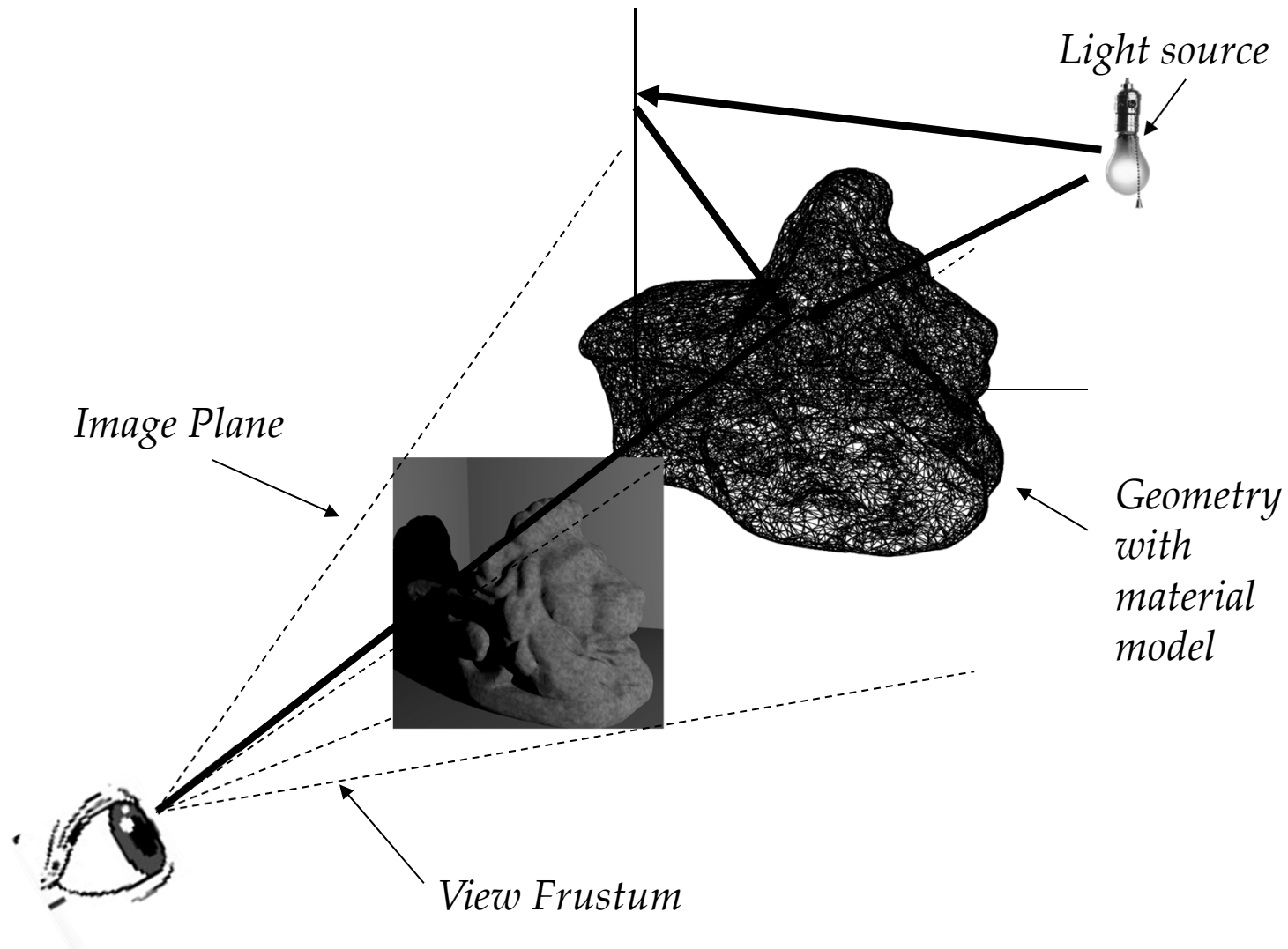
Perceptually Based Rendering

- Context: Realistic Rendering

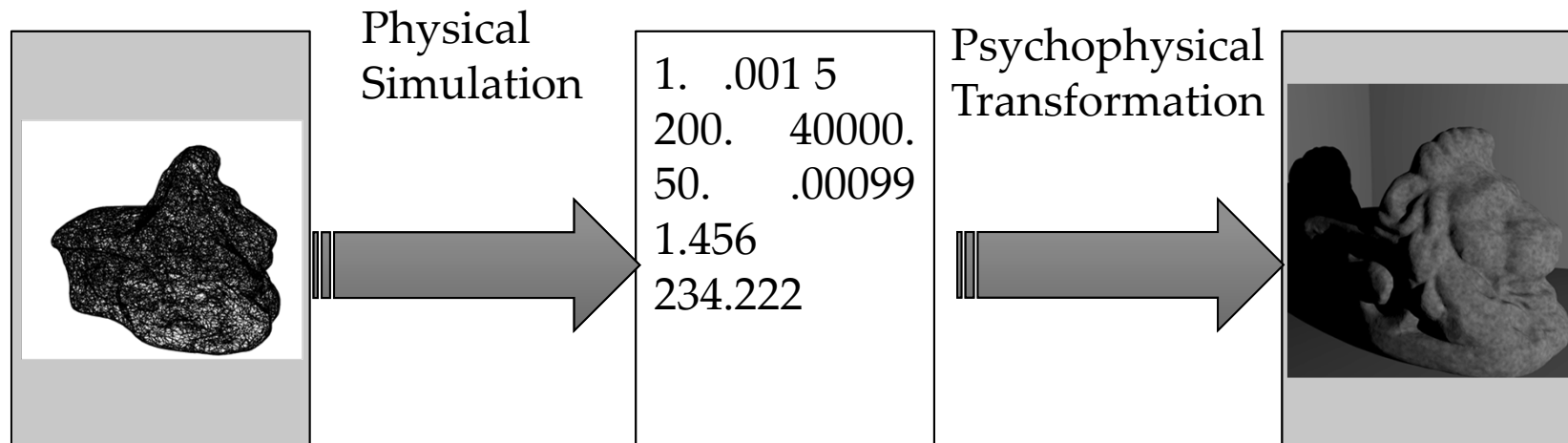


Meyer, Rushmeier, Cohen, Torrance and Greenberg, TOG 1986

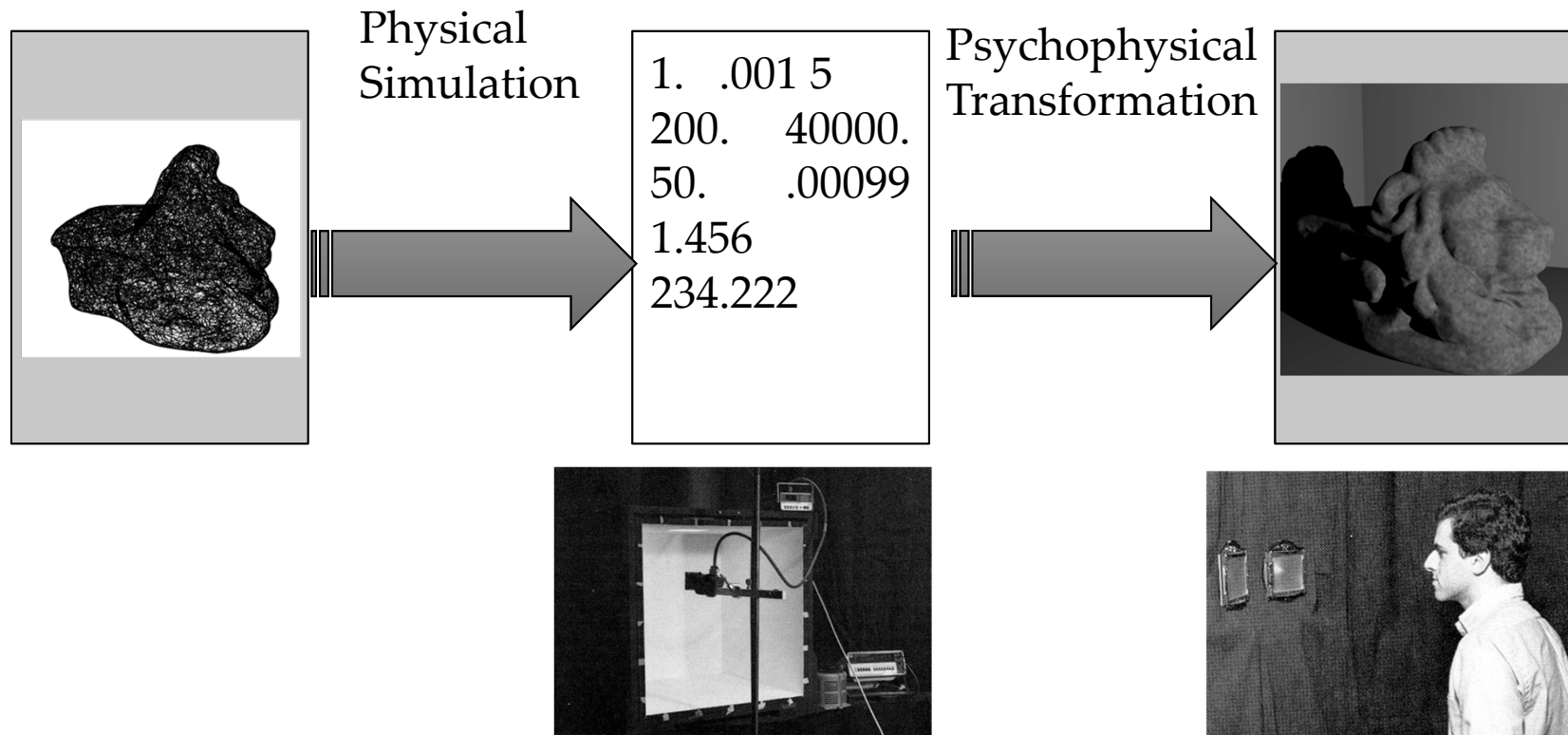
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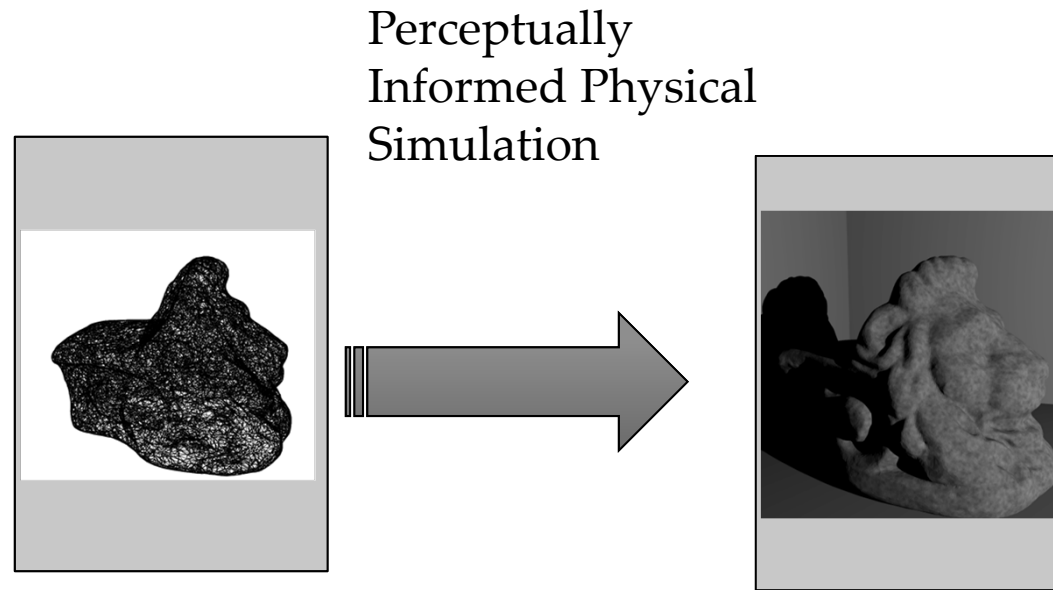
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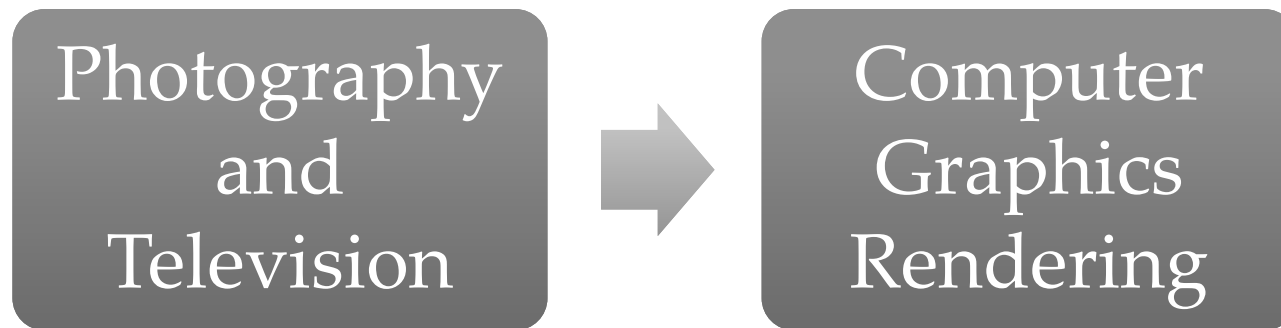
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History



History: BCGR

Before Computer Graphics Rendering



Sergei Mikhailovich Prokudin-Gorski

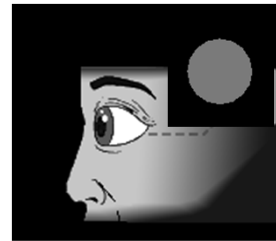
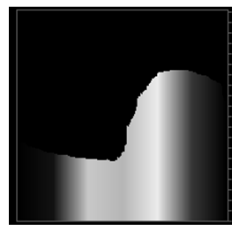
[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Rzhev.jpg) [https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/](https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/8/81/Tvwithantenna.jpg)

●Rzhev.jpg

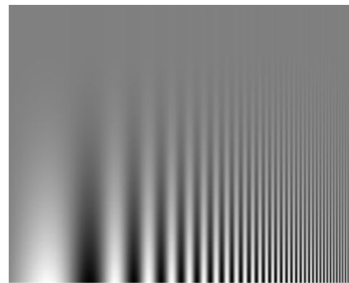
mmons/8/81/Tvwithantenna.jpg ●

Producing the same array of light isn't even possible

- Can't capture/display arbitrary spectra



- Can't produce a continuous image



Models of perception needed just to make photography and television even possible.

Perceptually Based Rendering

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Light Transport

- Multiple reflections/interactions expensive to compute

$$L_o(x, \omega_o) = L_e(x, \omega_o) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x, \omega_i \rightarrow \omega_r) L_i(x, \omega_i) \cos \theta_i d\omega_i$$

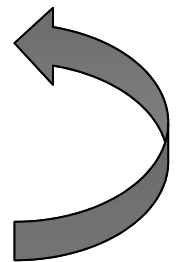


Light Transport

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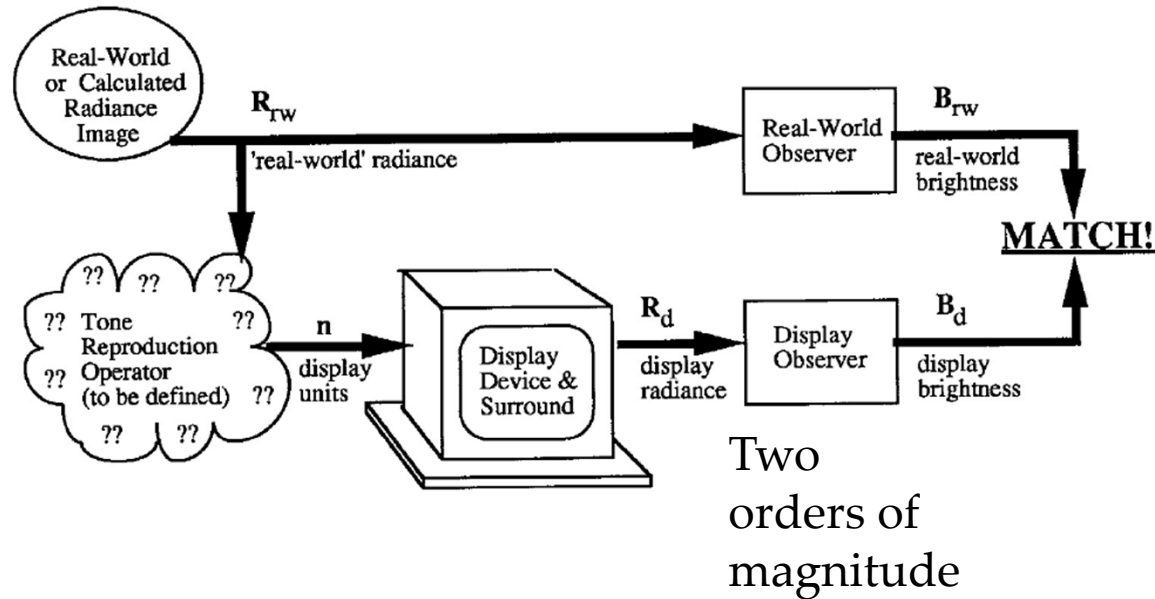
$$L_o(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o) = L_e(\mathbf{x}, \omega_o) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(\mathbf{x}, \omega_i \rightarrow \omega_r) L_i(\mathbf{x}, \omega_i) \cos \theta_i d\omega_i$$

- Formulate a solution technique with error bound (per pixel, per surface)
- Express error bound in terms of perceptual model



Tone Mapping

Many
orders of
magnitude



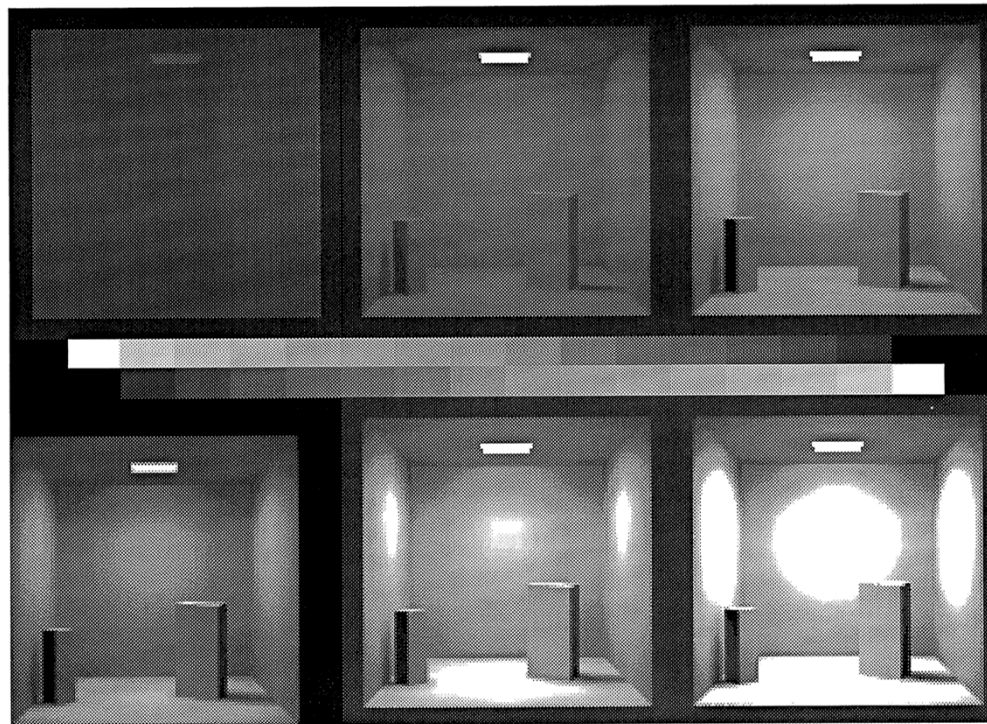
Tumblin and Rushmeier 1993

Larson(Ward), Rushmeier, and Piatko 1997

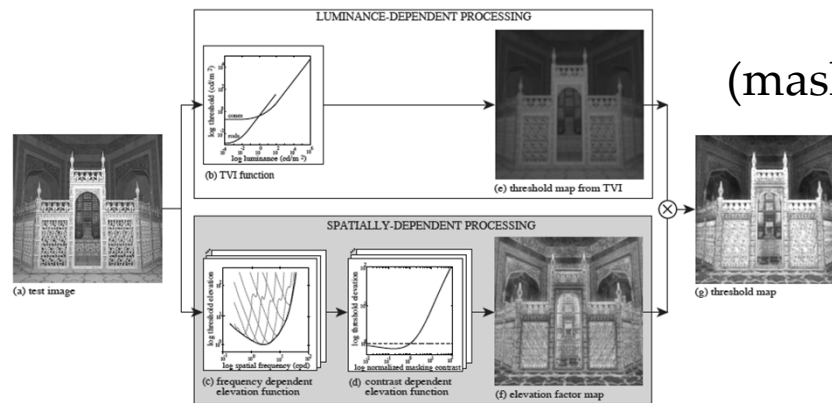
establishes ΔL_o

$$L_o(x, \omega_o) = L_e \int_{\Omega} f_r(x, \omega_i \rightarrow \omega_r) L_i(x, \omega_i) \cos \theta_i d\omega_i$$

$$n = \left[\left(\frac{L_{rw}}{L_{d \max}} \right)^{\left(\frac{\alpha_{rw}}{\alpha_d} \right)} 10^{\left[\frac{(\beta_{rw} - \beta_d)}{\alpha_d} \right]} - \left(\frac{1}{C_{\max}} \right) \right]^{\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_d} \right)}$$



Subsequent Work by Other Groups



(masking effects and indirect calculations)

Ramasubramanian et al. 1999



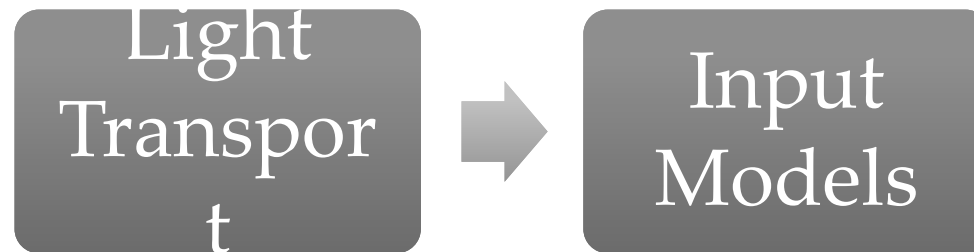
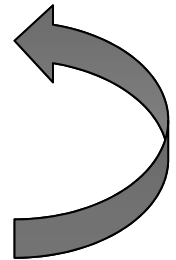
(visual attention)

Yee et al. 2001

Perceptually Efficient Light Transport

Now Well Established Research Area

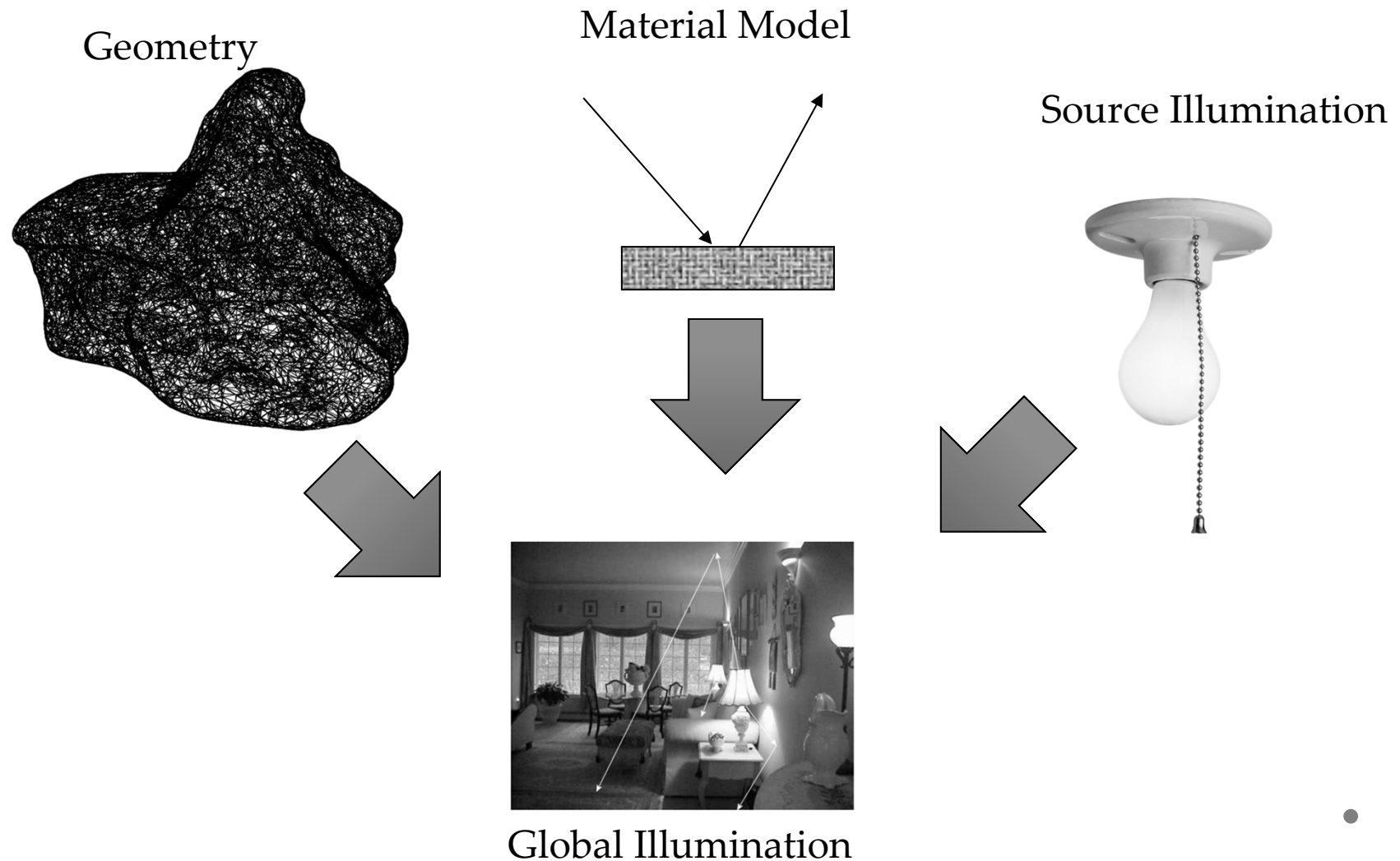
- Formulate a solution technique with error bound (per pixel, per surface)
- Express error bound in terms of perceptual model



- Accuracy of transport depends on input
- Input defined independent of image, so can't apply the same models.

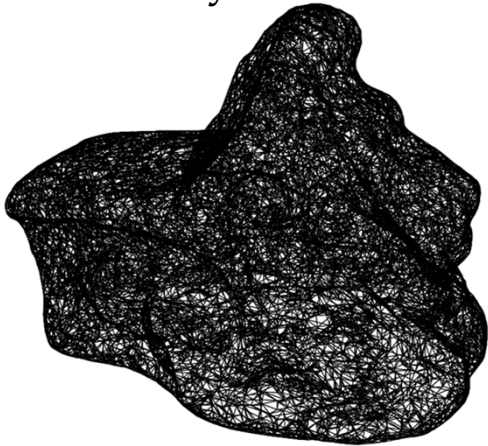


Rendering Input



Rendering Input-Geometry

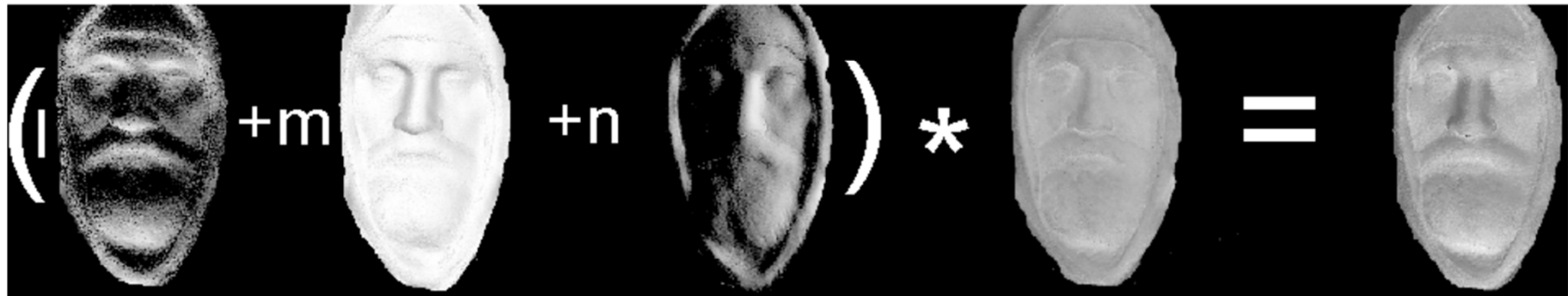
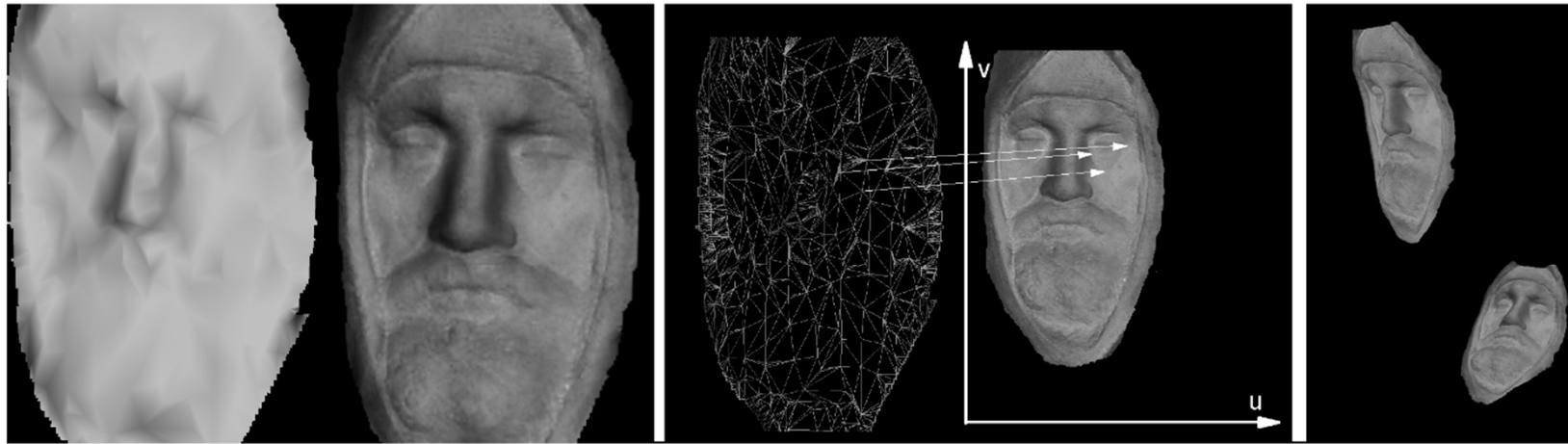
Geometry



- Representation
- Level of Detail

Representation:

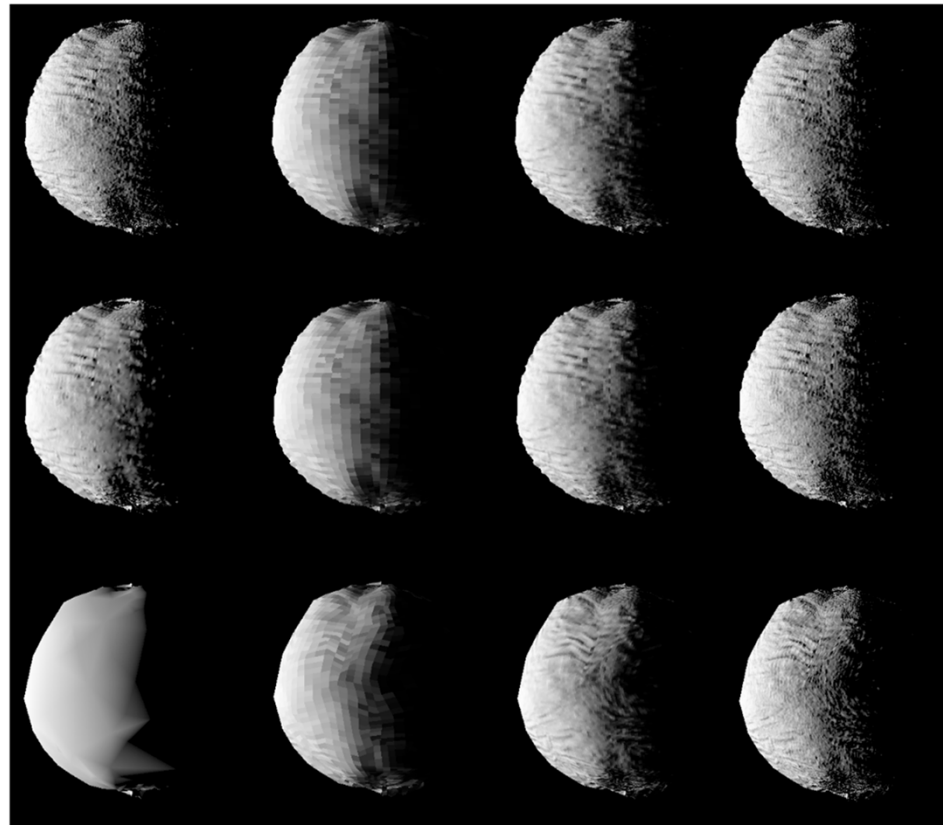
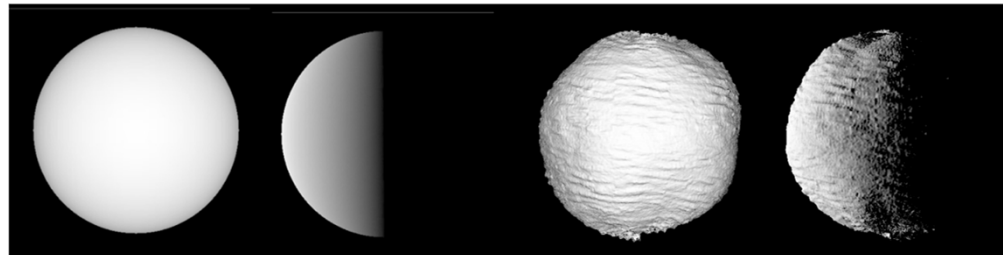
Trade-off triangles and texture maps



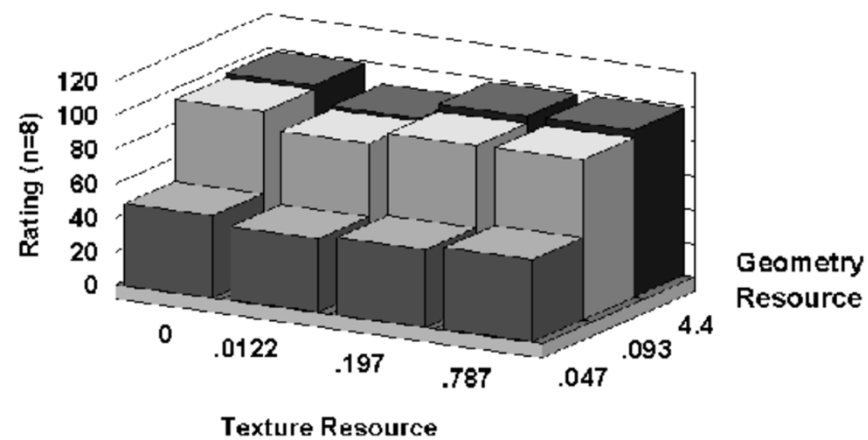
Rushmeier, Rogowitz and Piatko, HVEI 2000

Representation:

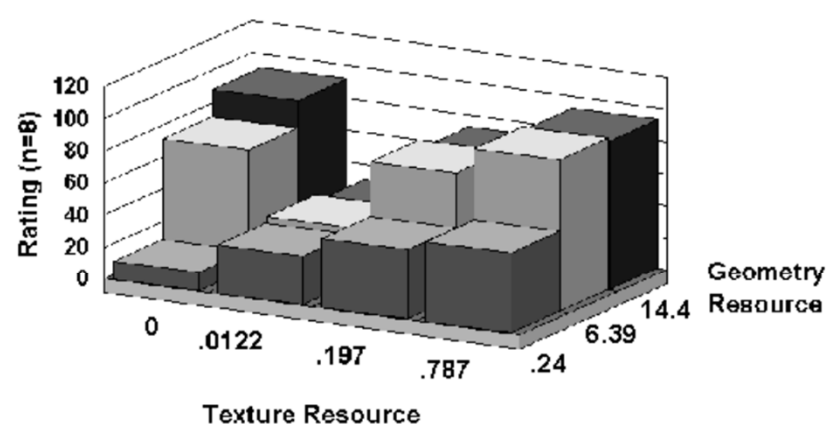
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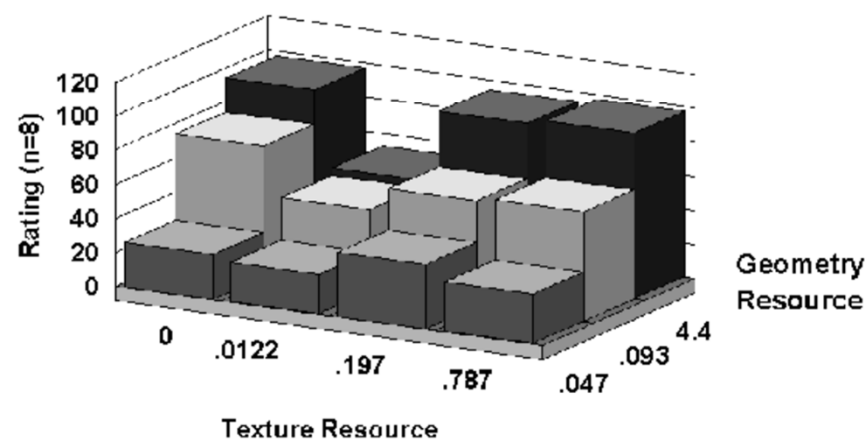
Sphere - Front



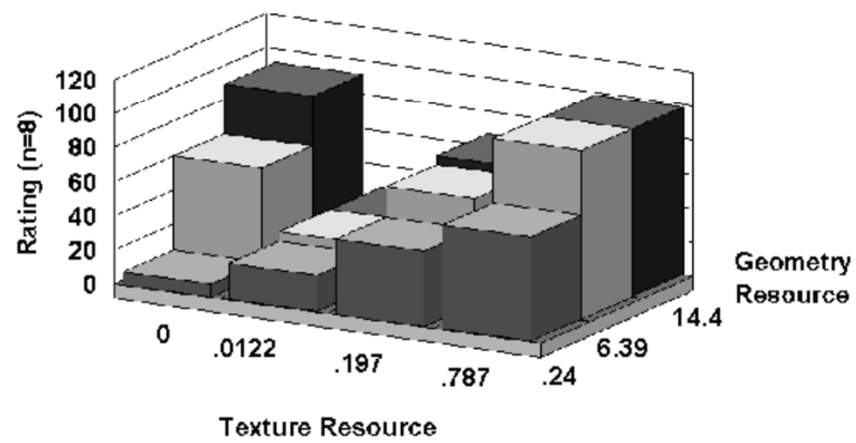
Crinkle - Front



Sphere - Side

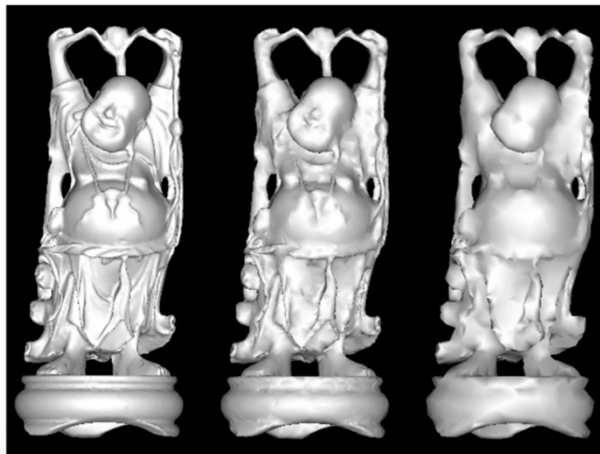
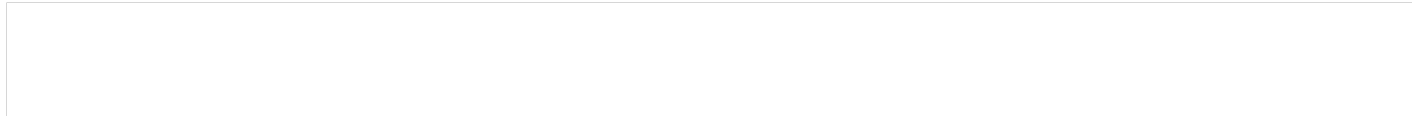
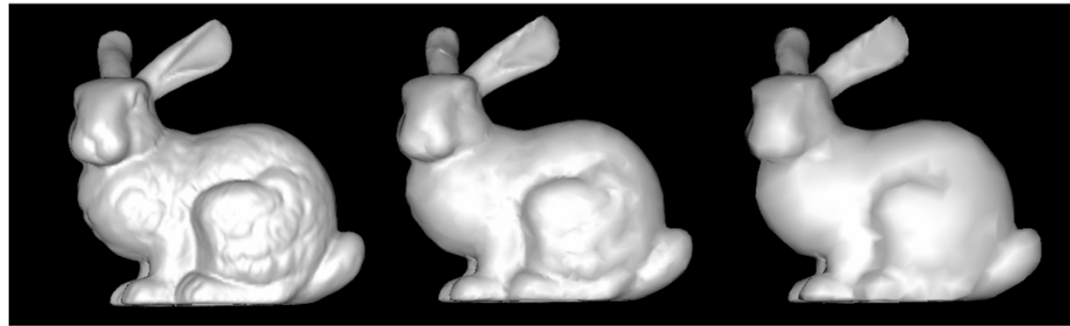


Crinkle- Side



Geometry:

Can you evaluate in static image?

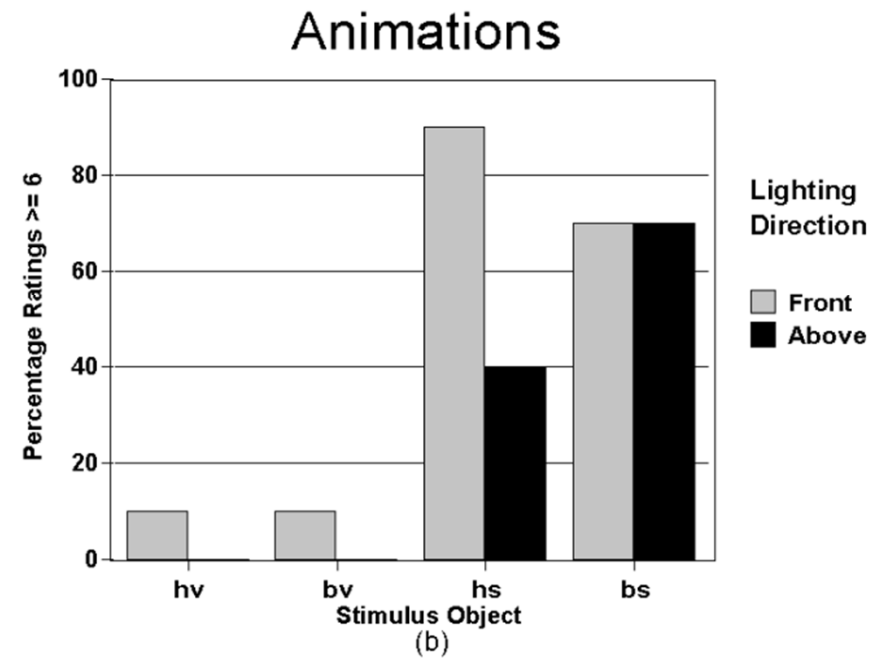
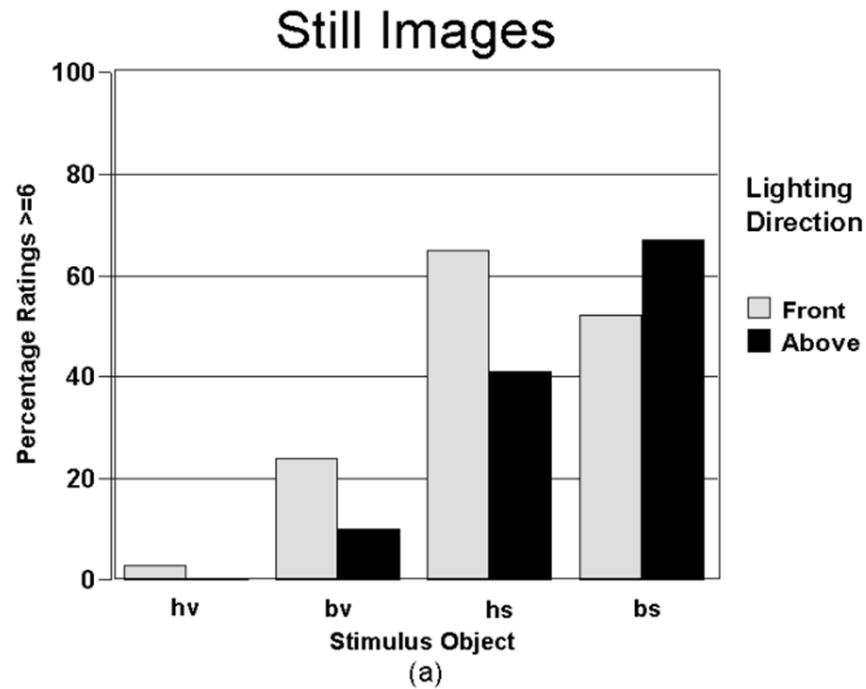




Still vs Rotating front to side view

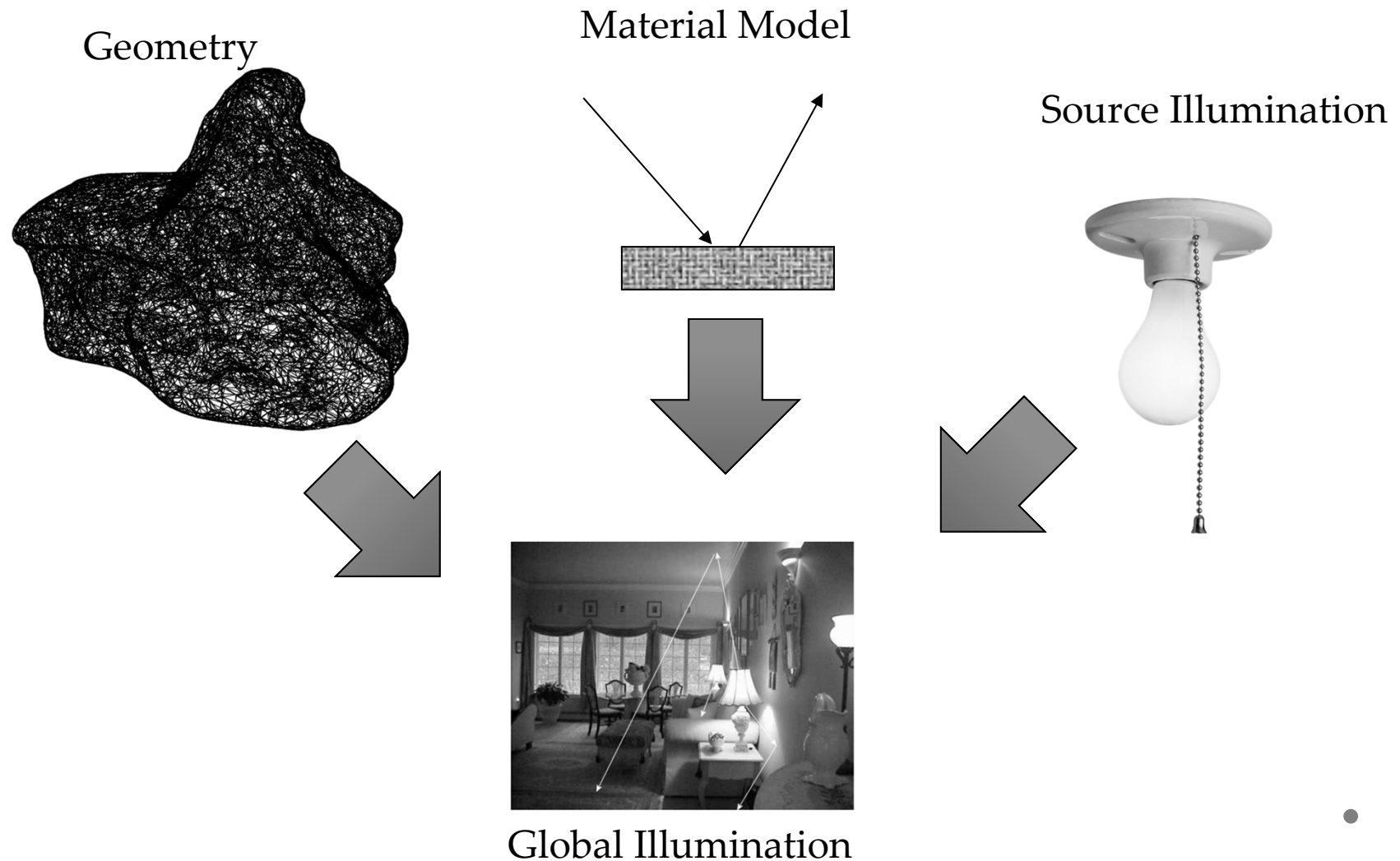
Lit from above, lit from front





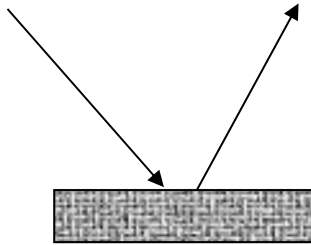
For all conditions, very simplified rated lower
 For moderate simplification, animation higher ratings than still
 For all but one case, front lit higher rated than lit from above.

Rendering Input

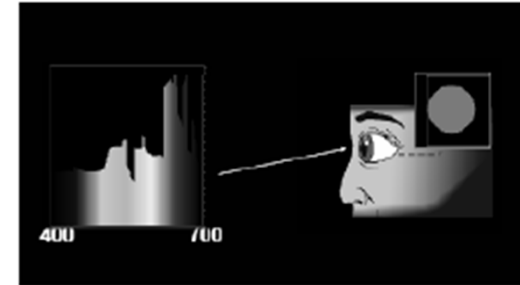


Rendering Input: Material Model

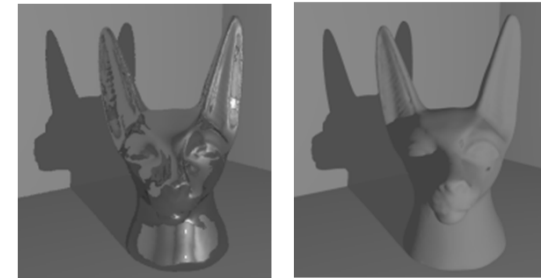
Material Model



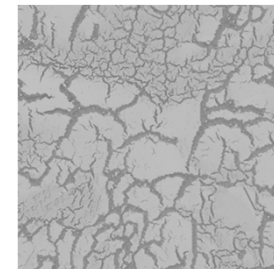
Spectral
(color)



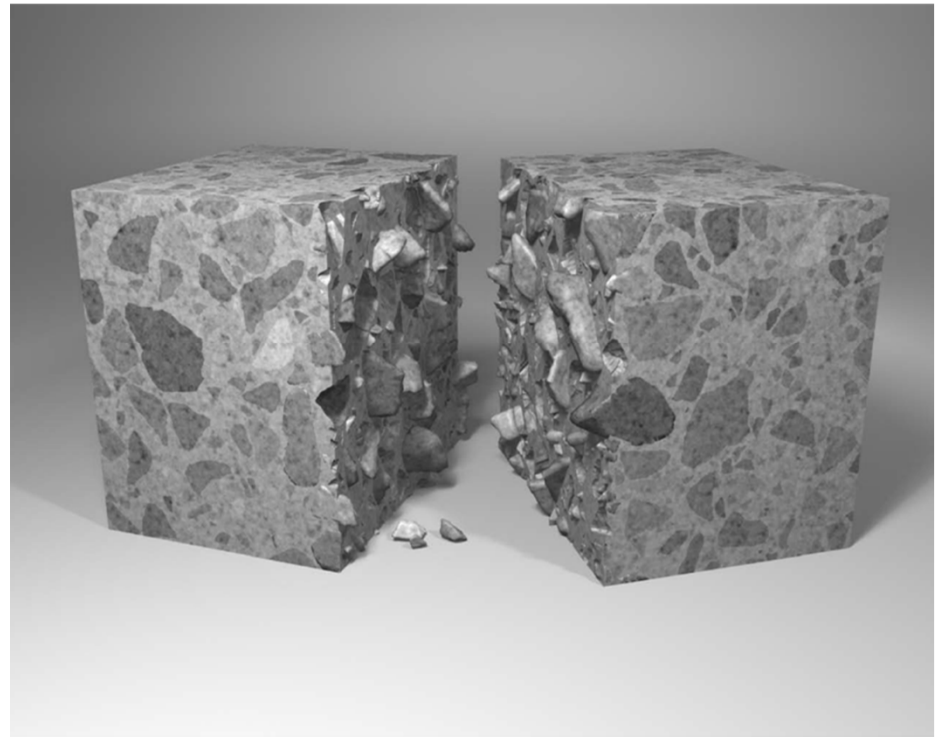
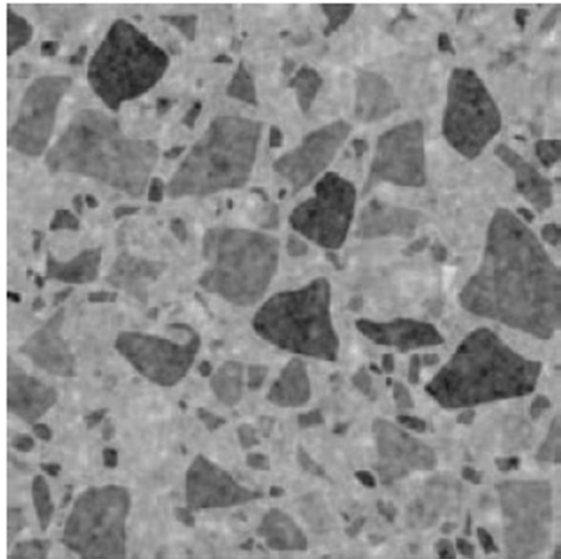
Directional
(Shiny, matte,
glossy, hazy)



Spatial variation
(texture)

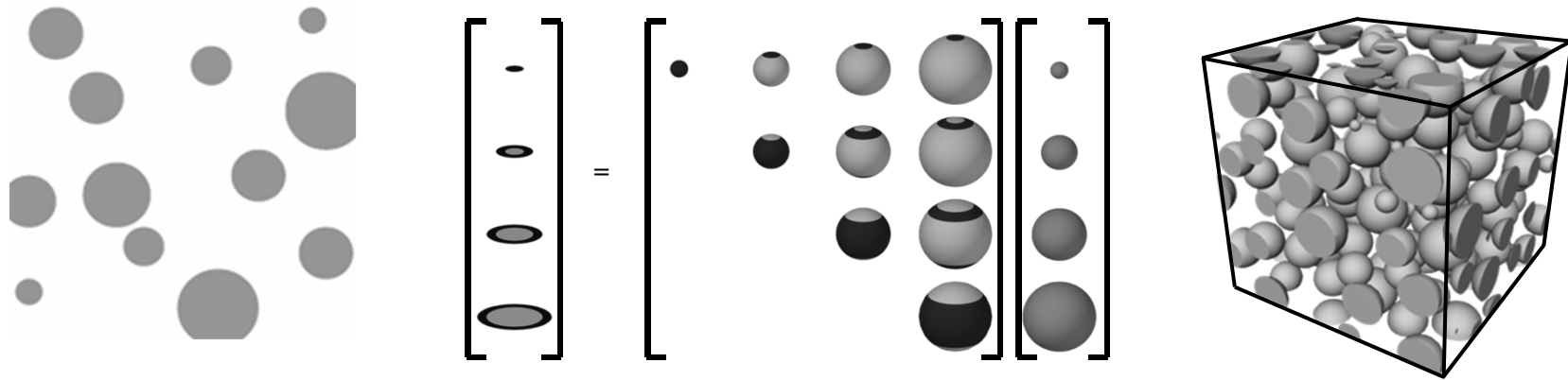
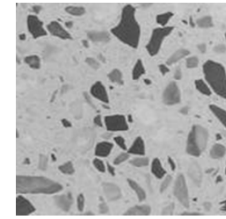
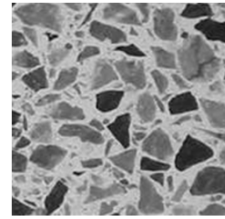
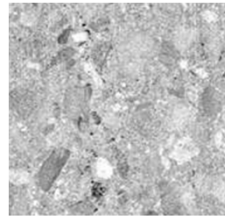
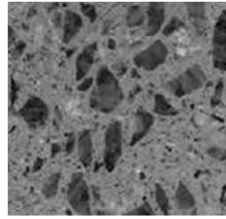
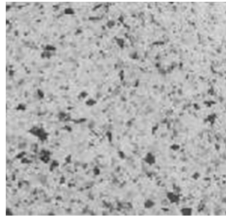


The Material Modeling Problem – Example

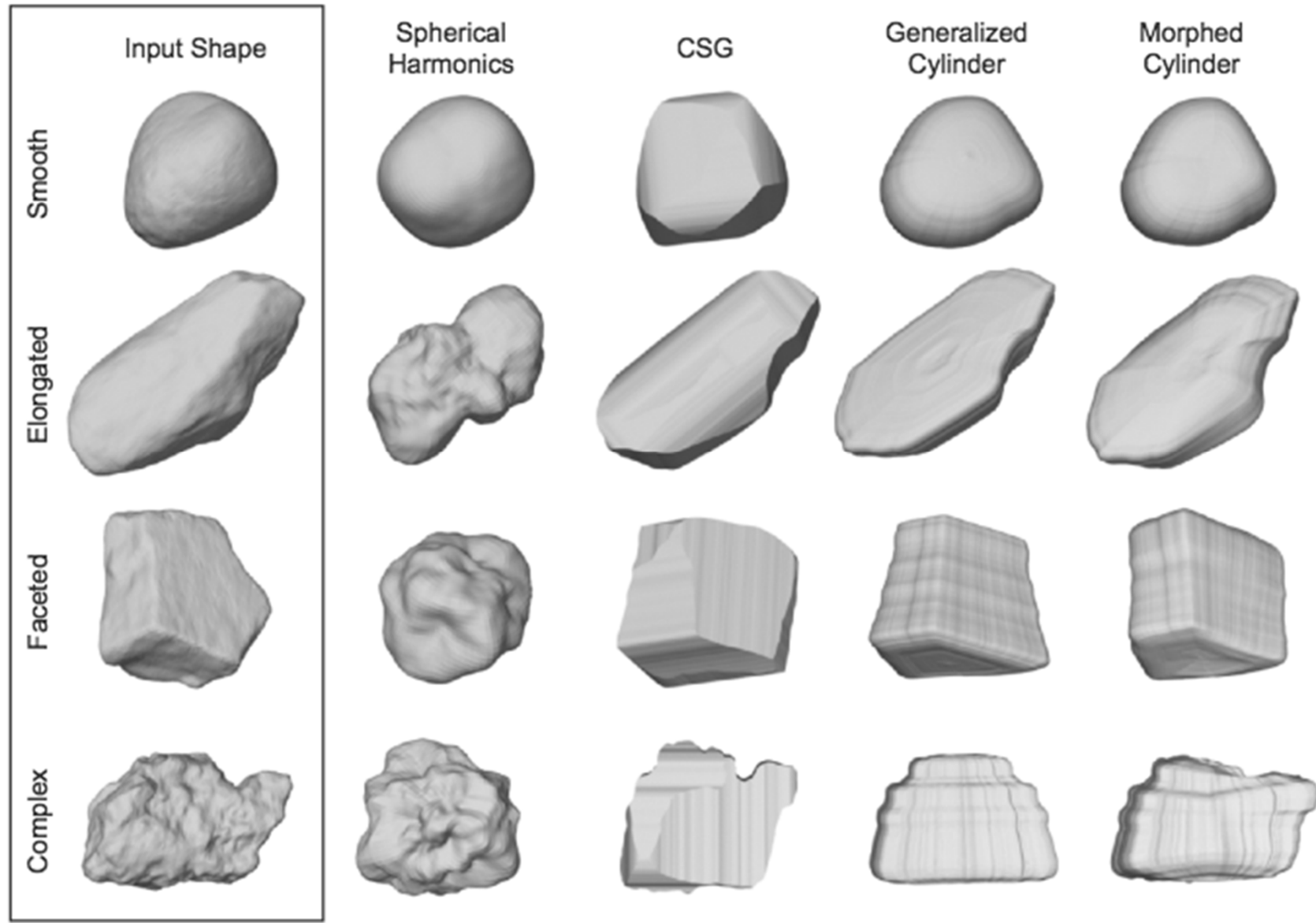


• Same material?

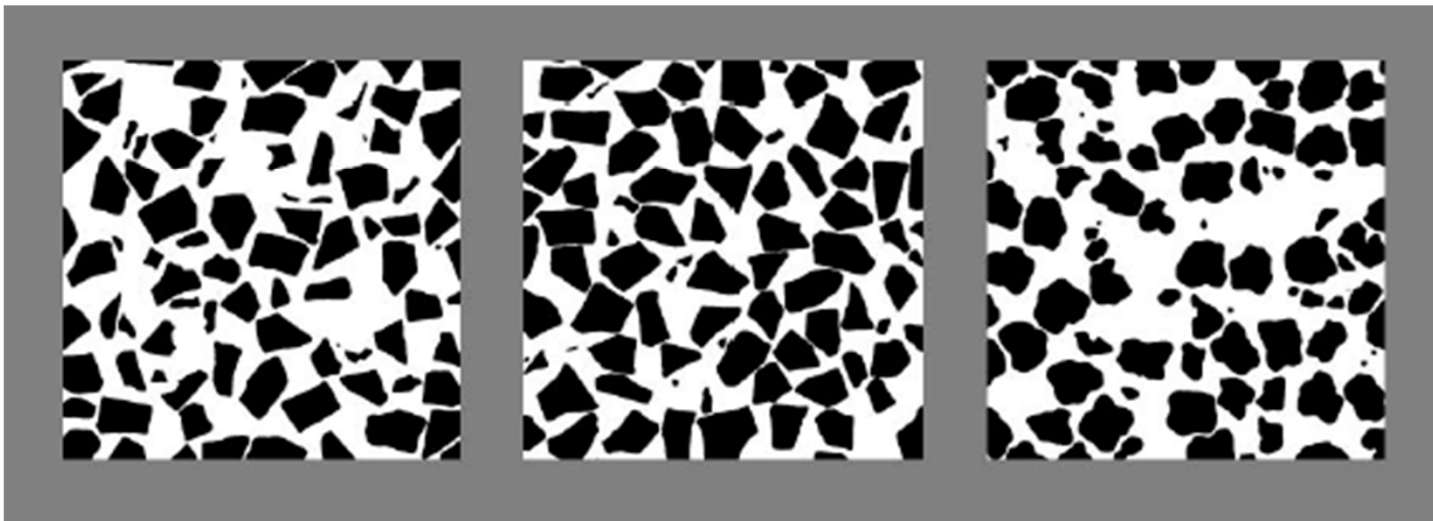
Jagnow, Dorsey and Rushmeier,
TOG 2004, TAP 2008 •



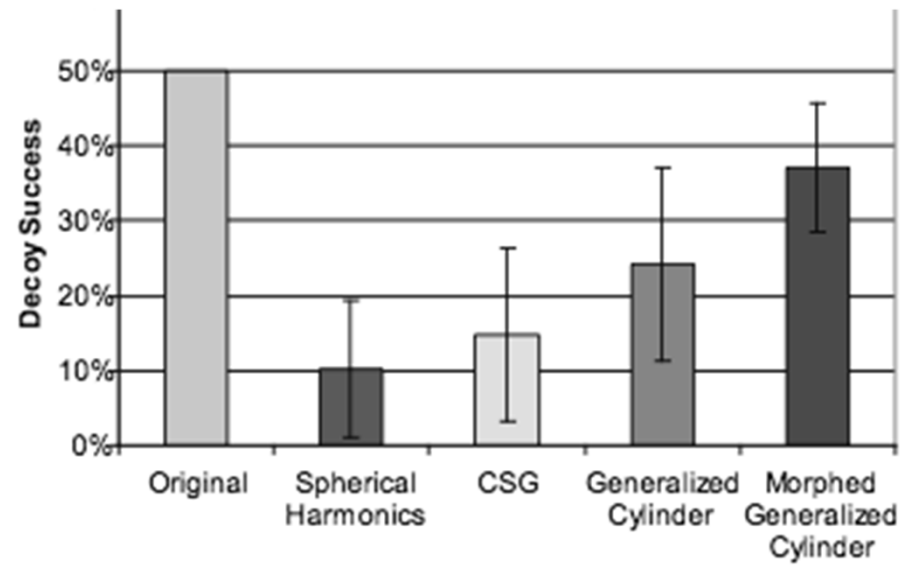
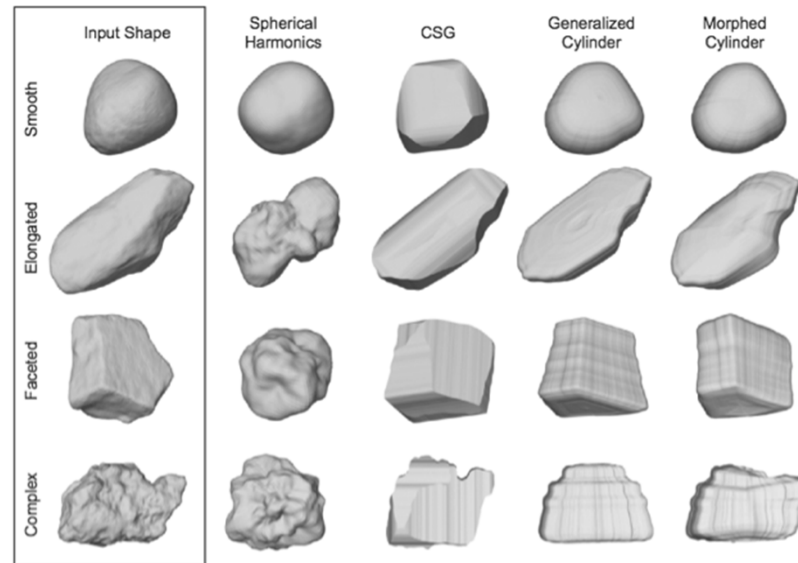
Size distribution can be estimated from classic stereology, but what about estimating non-spherical shape?



The Material Modeling Problem -- Example






Which is the slice through the same material shown in the center?



Validating Input Models

Which of the side images (left or right) looks more similar to the basic underlying texture from the reference image in the middle?



☐ the one on the left

☐ the one on the right

Next

38 comparisons remaining

- Lu, Garr-Schulz, Dorsey and Rushmeier, SAP 2009

Validation Experiments

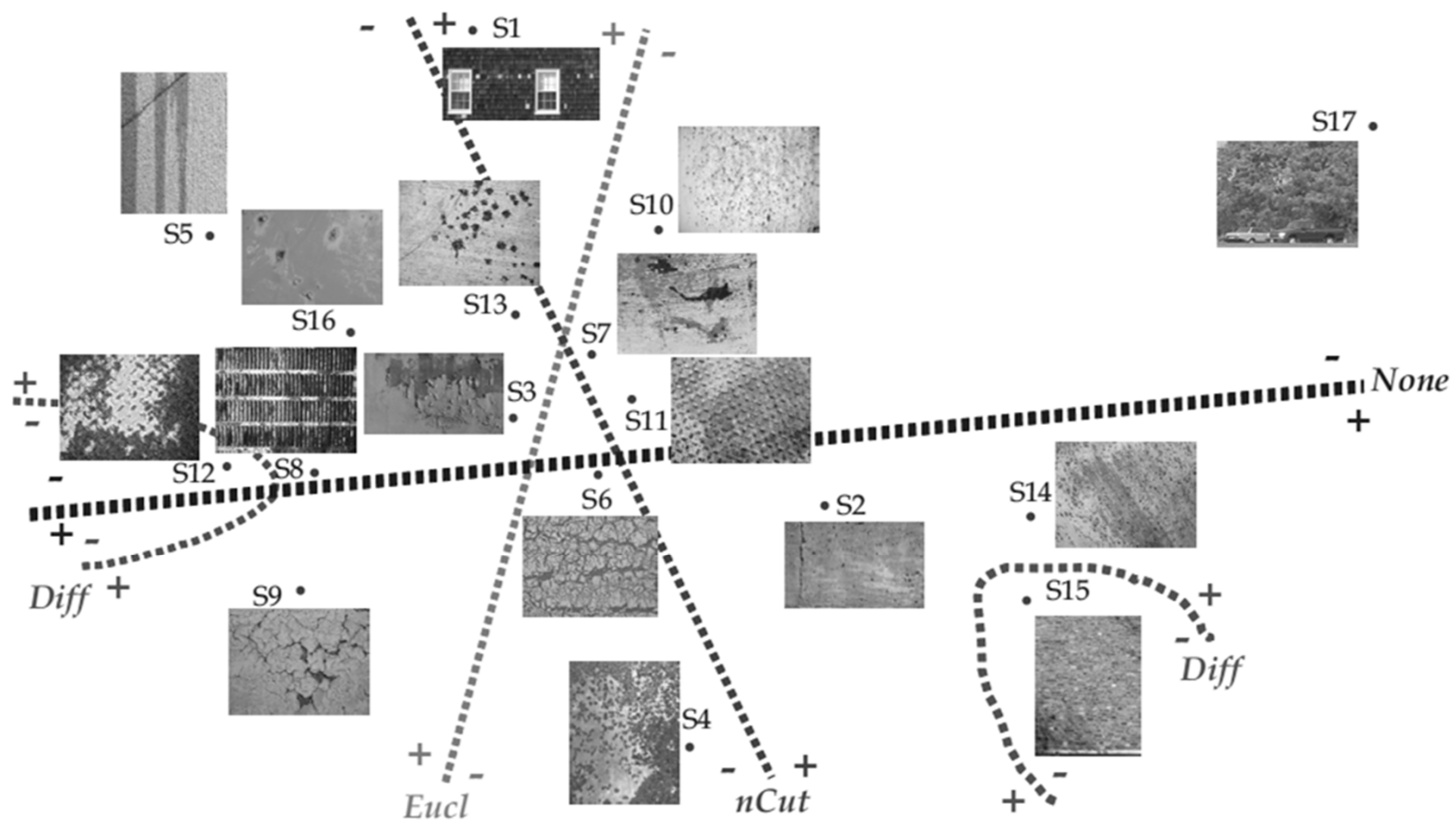
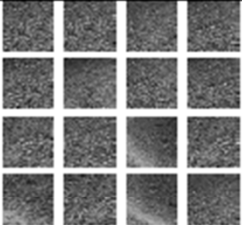
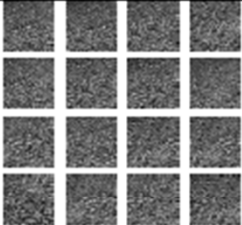
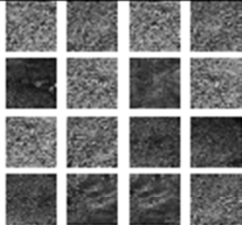
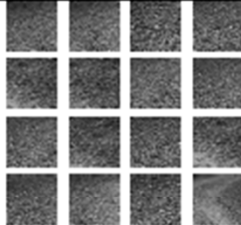
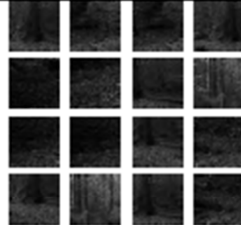
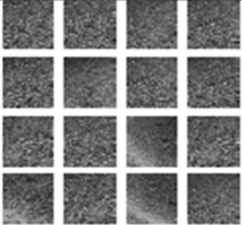
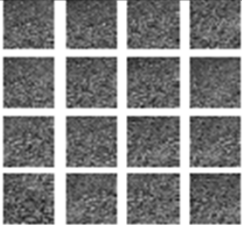
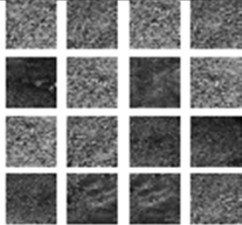
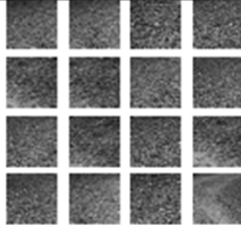
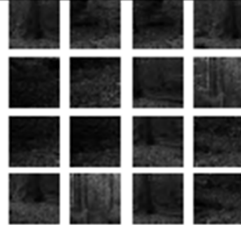


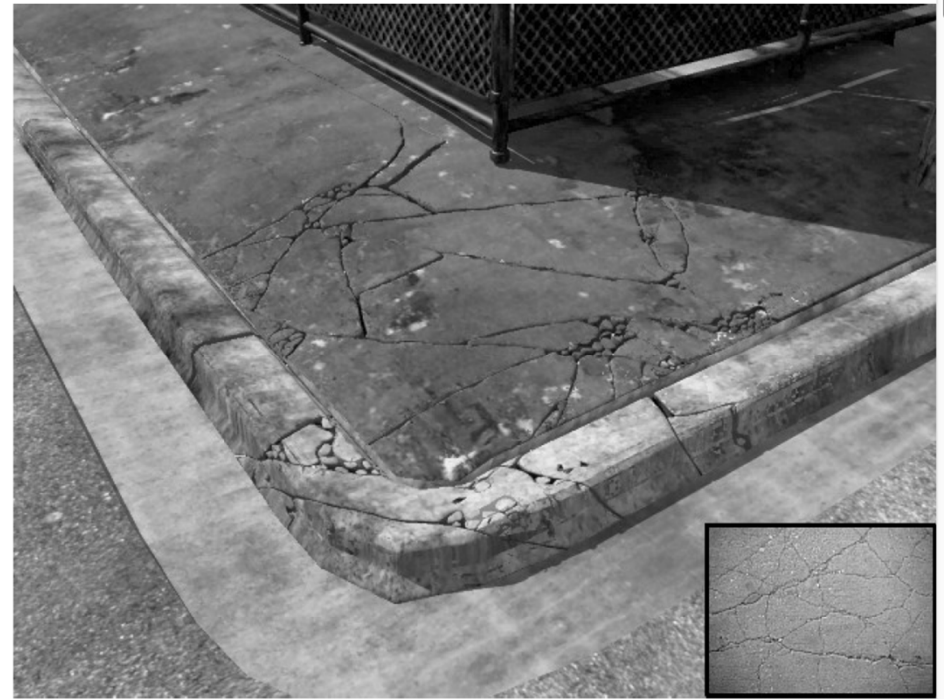


Image by Flickr user motiqua, under the Creative Common Attribution 2.0 Generic License

<http://flic.kr/p/7TRX79>

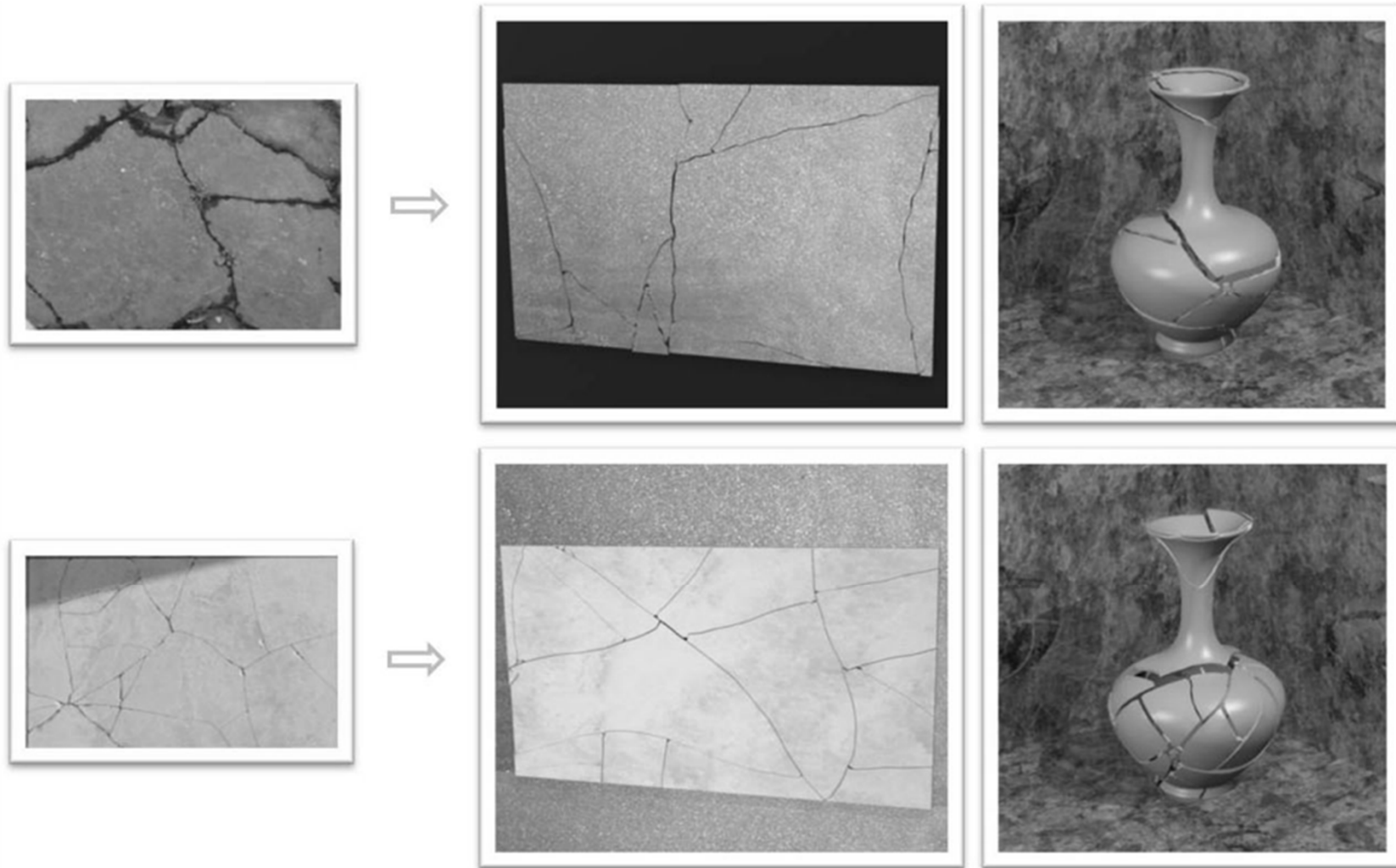
run	2-moments	5-moments	HOG Texture Space	Trivial Feature Space	Autocorrelation Feature Space
1	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>	 <p>5 of 8 participants approved of all the tiles</p>	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>
2	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>	 <p>5 of 8 participants approved of all the tiles</p>	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>	 <p>no participants approved of all tiles</p>

Example-Based Fractured Appearance

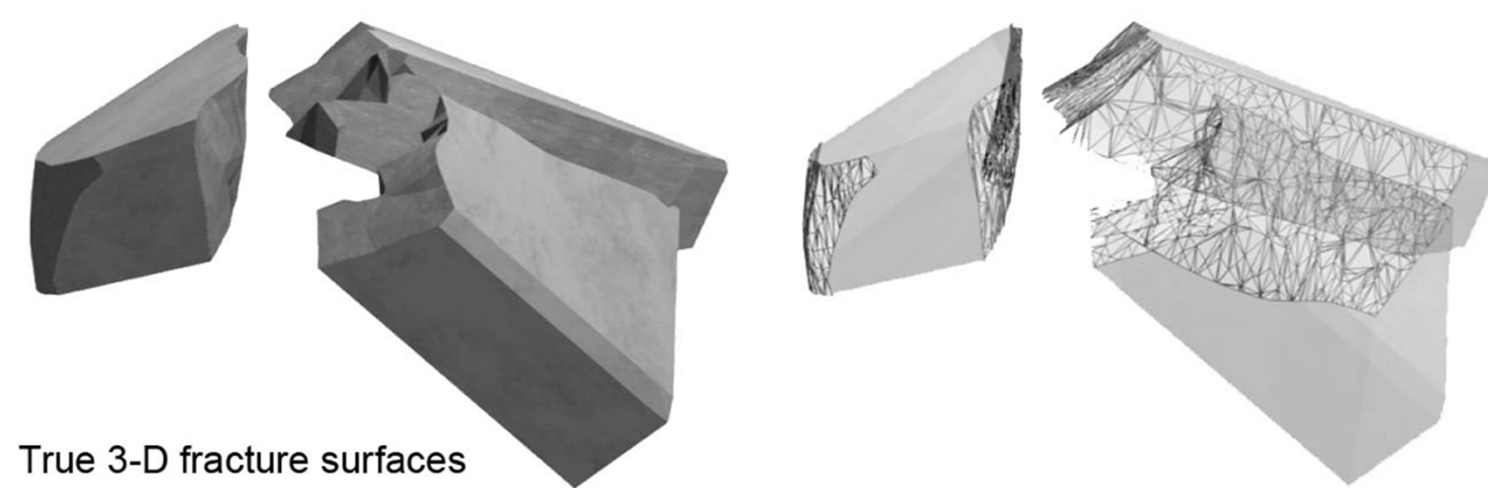


Glondou, Muguercia, Marchal, Bosch, Rushmeier, Dumont
and Drettakis, EGSR 2012

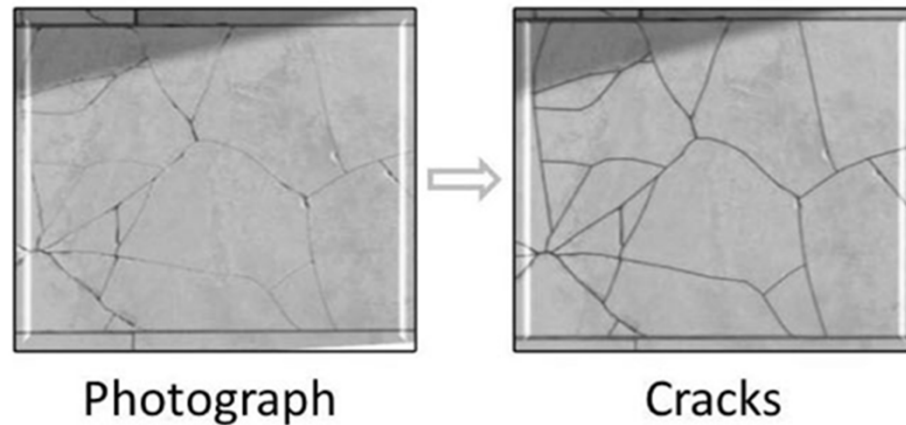
Can we use exemplars and simulation for cracks?

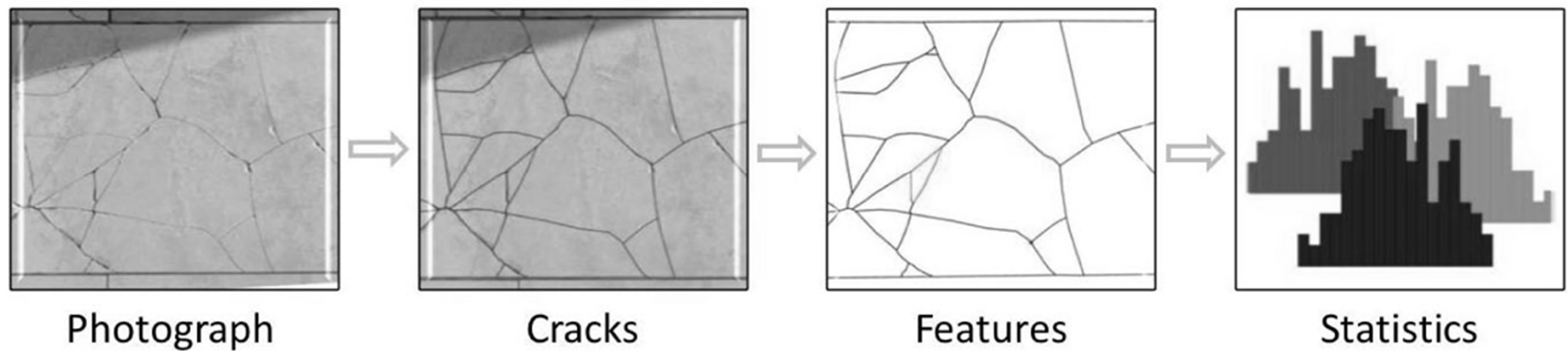


Previous work by Glondou and Marchal -- a fast accurate fracture model



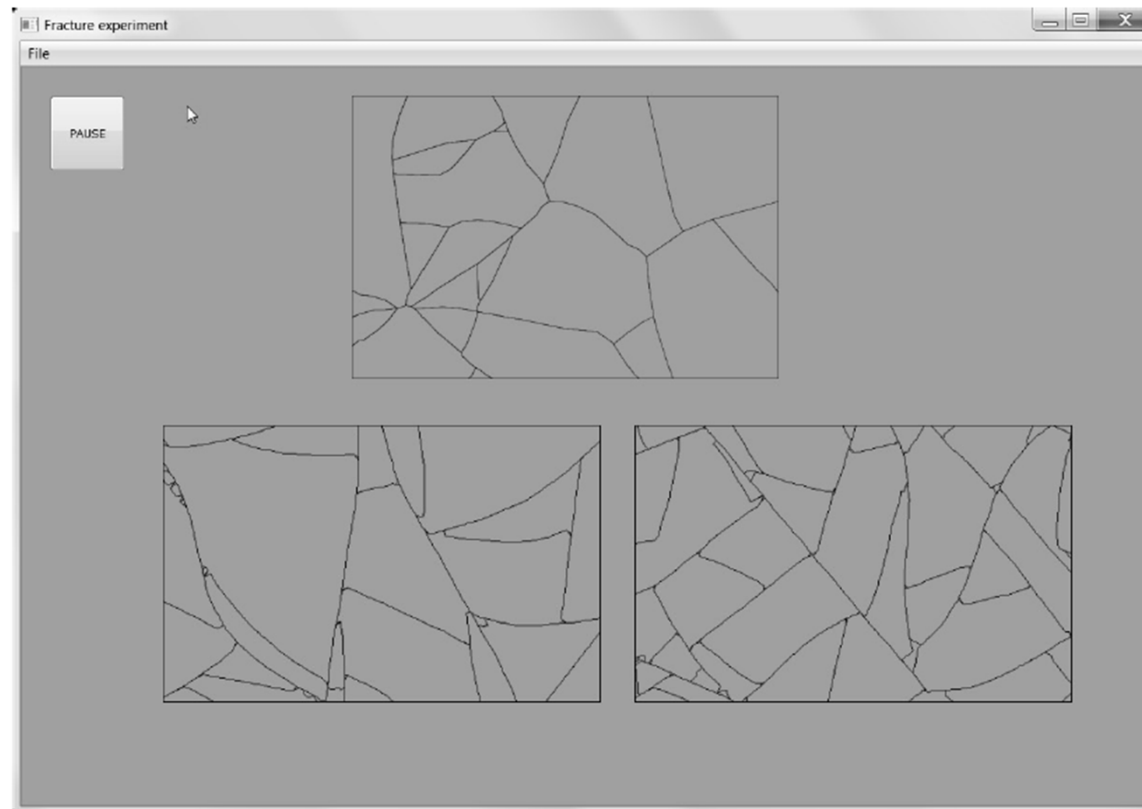
But running simulation to match crack pattern is hopeless!





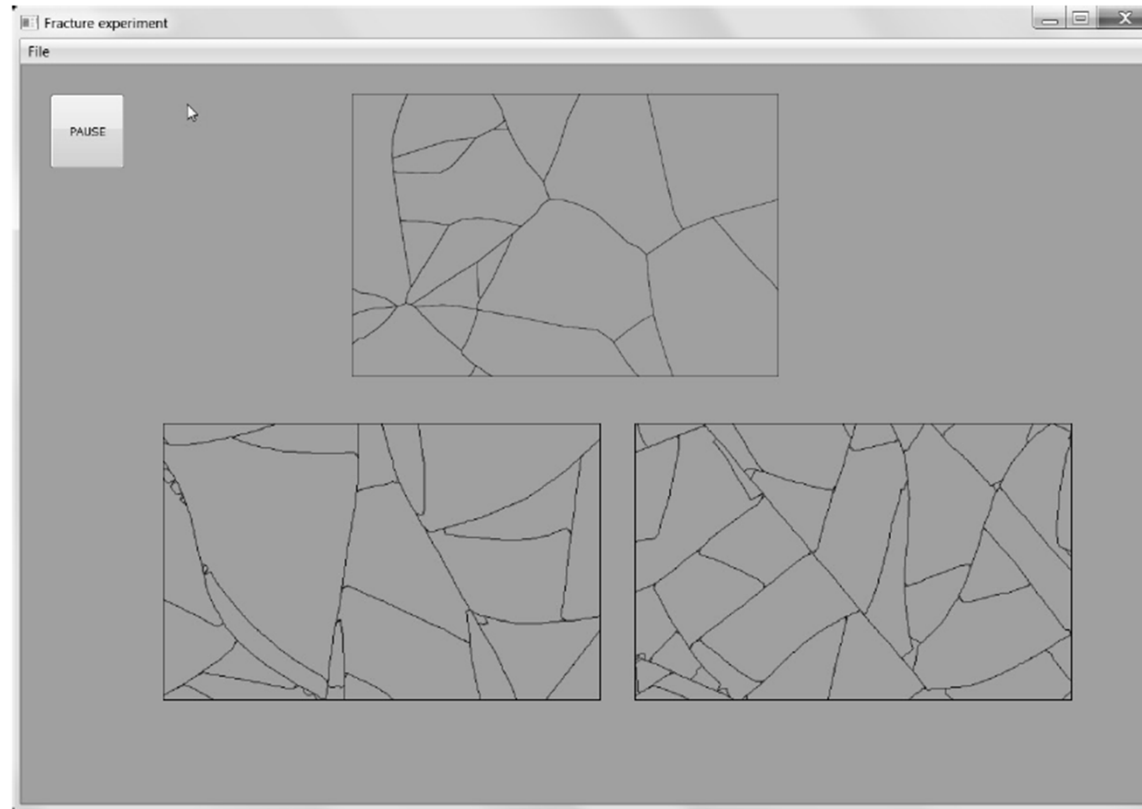
Since a person is choosing the example to match, the features that matter are perceptual.

New Experiments in Person



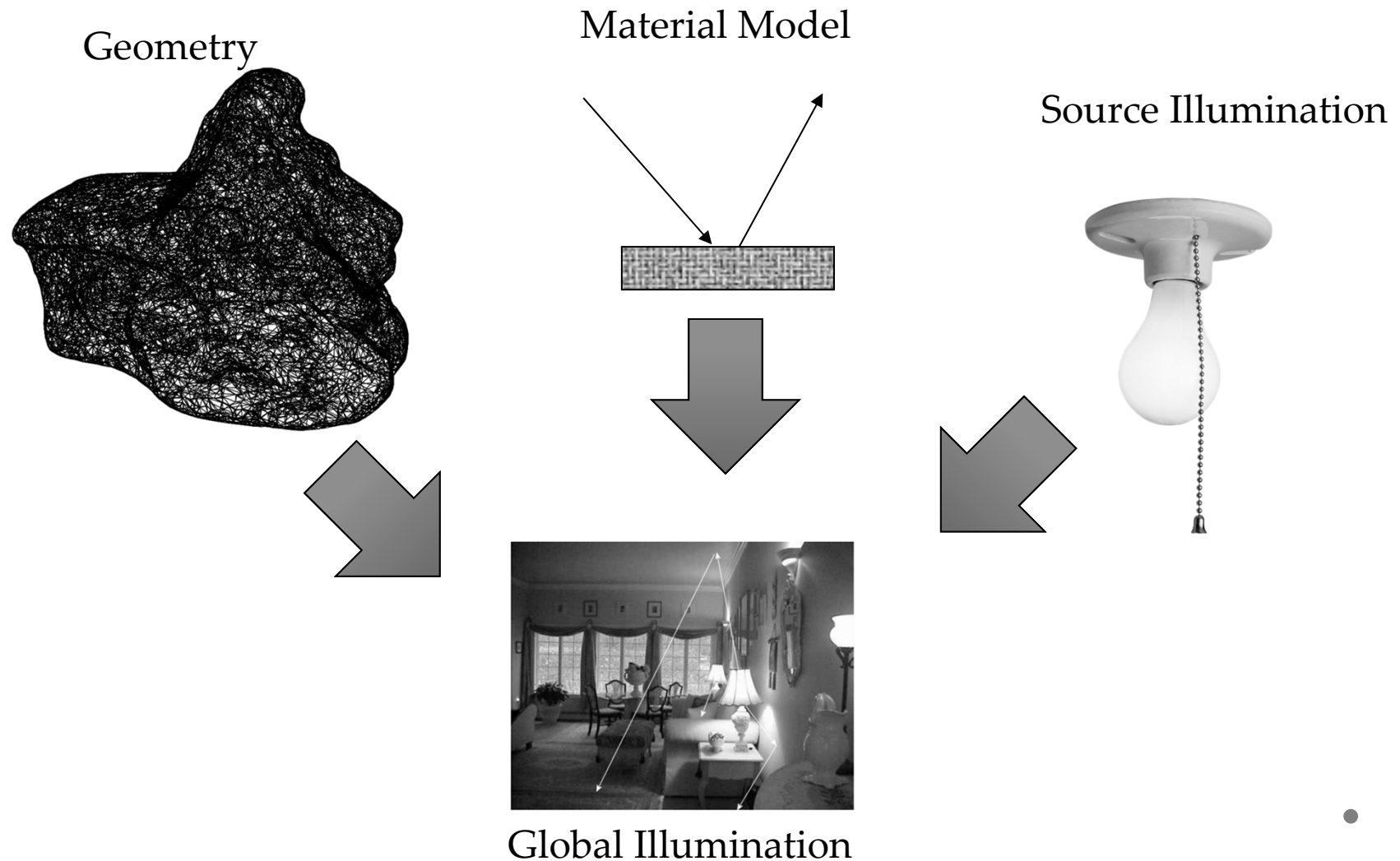
Studying crack pattern statistics
Glondou et al. 2012

New Experiments in Person

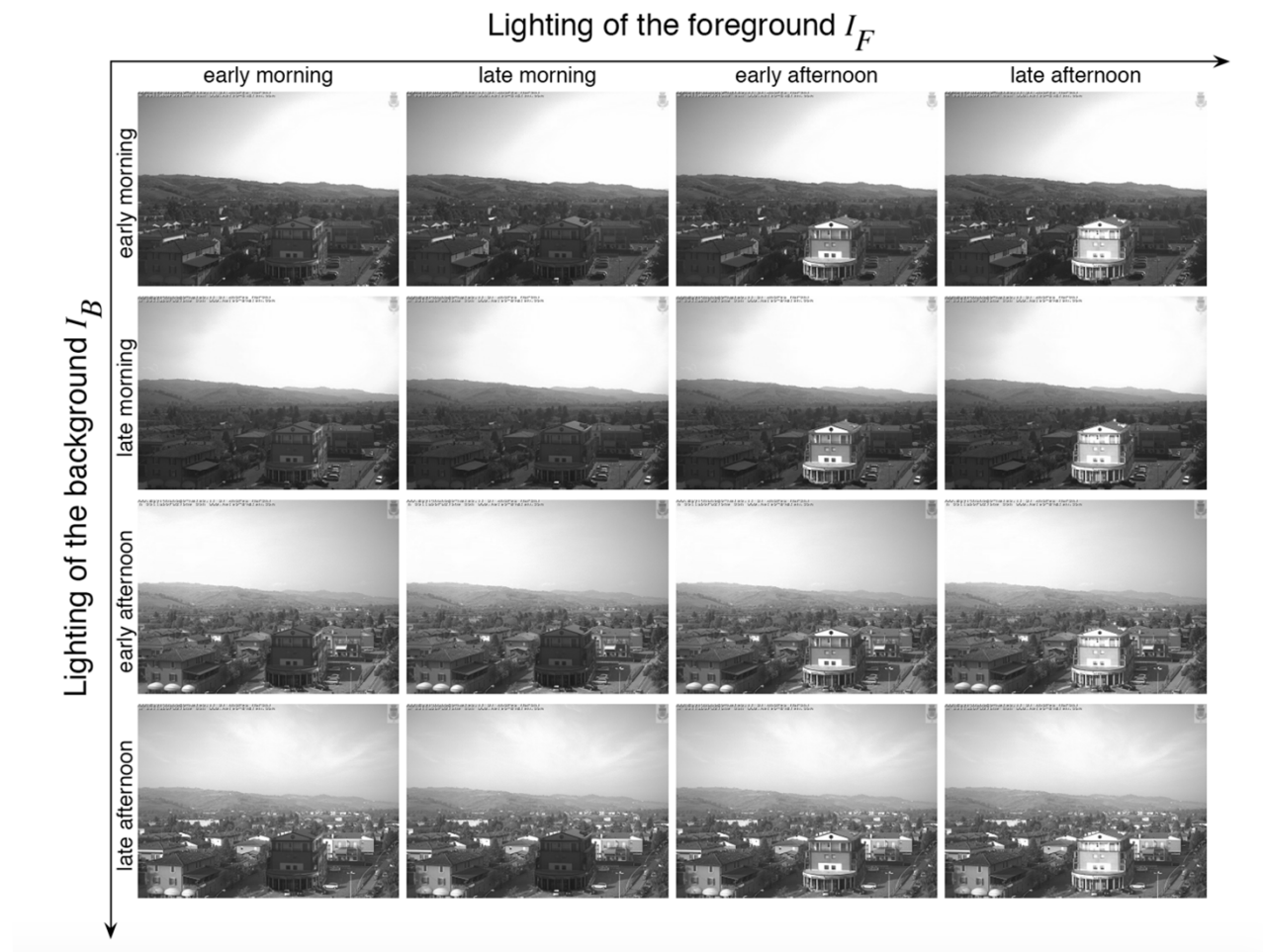


Studying crack pattern statistics
Glondou et al. 2012

Rendering Input



Rendering Input: Light Source



Tan, Lalonde, Sharan, Rushmeier, O'Sullivan
,TAP 2015



(a) Campanile



(b) Street



(a) Montage 1



(b) Montage 2



(c) Mask 1

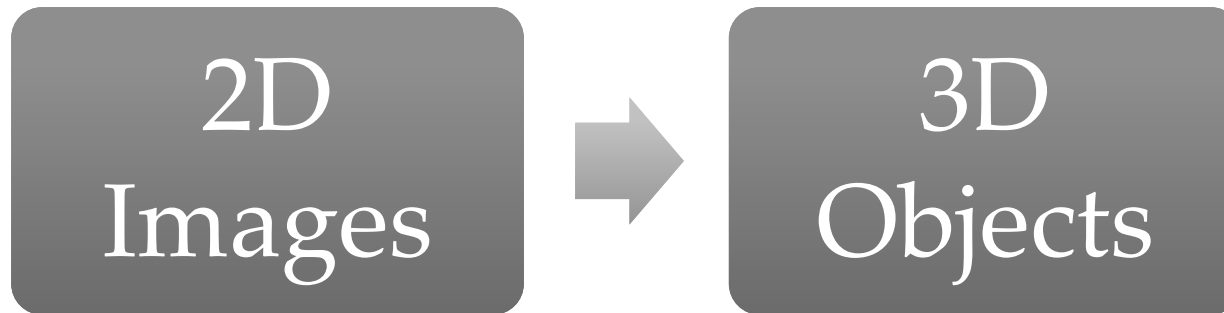


(d) Mask 2

Perceptually Based Rendering

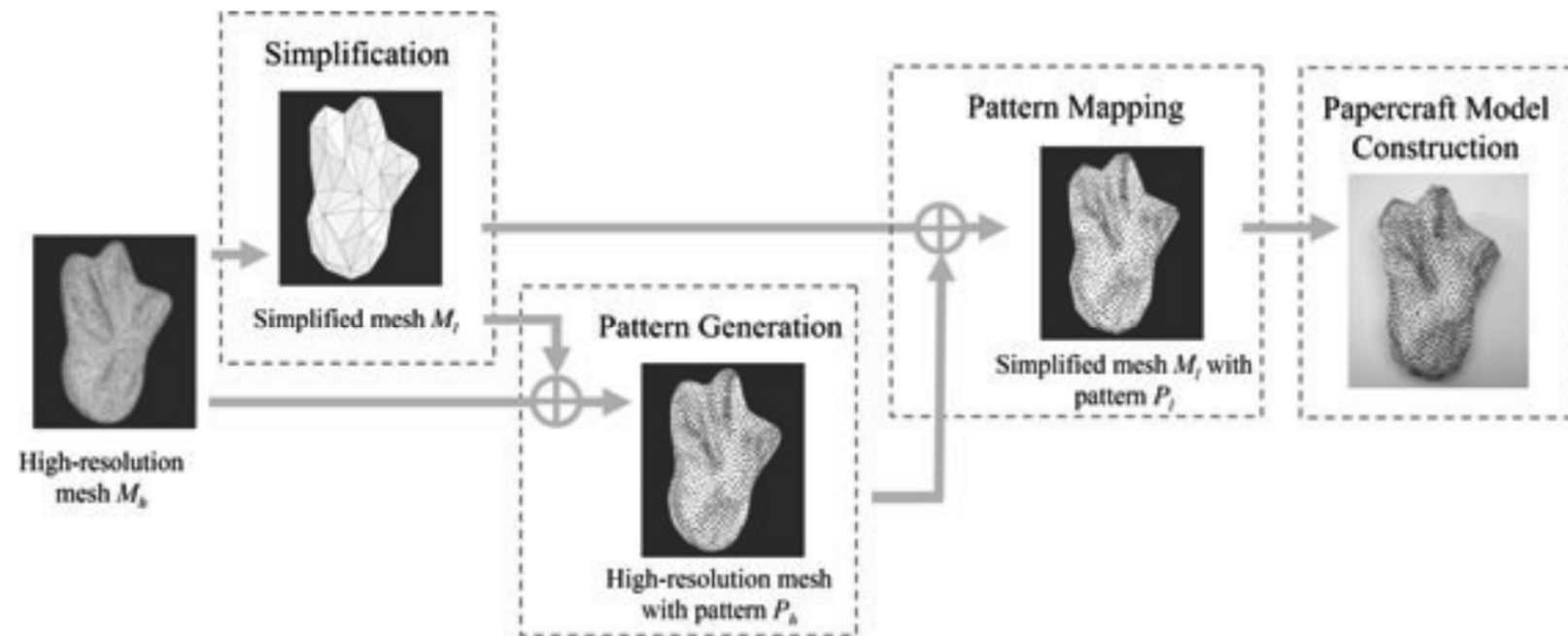
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- Experiments: Labs and Crowds

Perceptual Rendering an Object



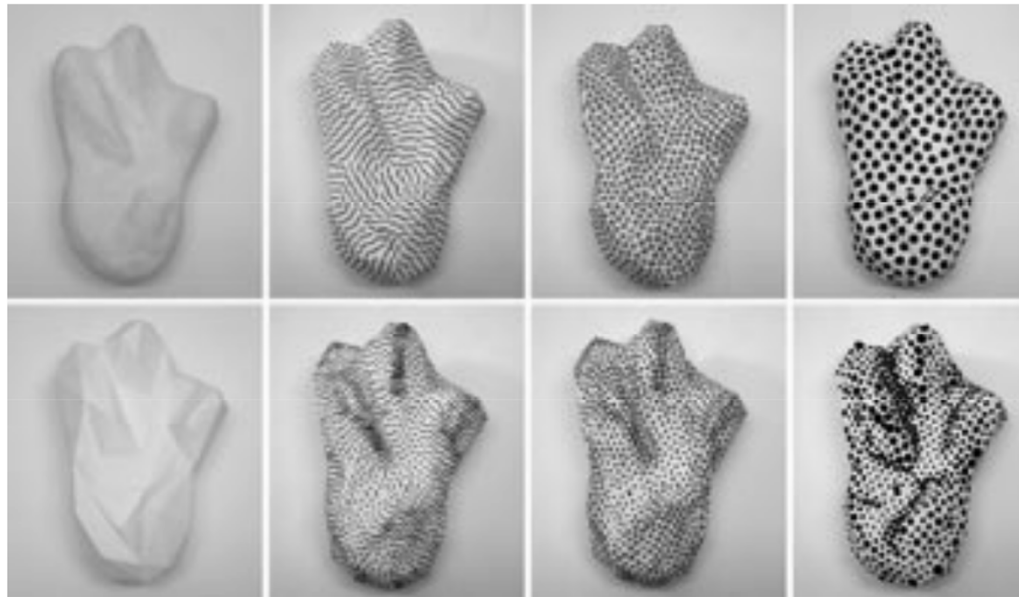
Sculptural, not just image rendering

Printed Patterns for Enhanced Shape Perception of Papercraft Models



Xue, Chen, Dorsey, and Rushmeier, 2010

Clay model in center, paper approximations on
either side



- uni-stroke: >blank
- modu-stroke: >blank, >uni-stroke, >uni-cross, >uni-dot
- uni-cross: >blank
- modu-cross: >blank, >uni-stroke, >uni-cross, >uni-dot
- uni-dot: >blank
- modu-dot: >blank, >uni-stroke, >uni-cross, >uni-dot

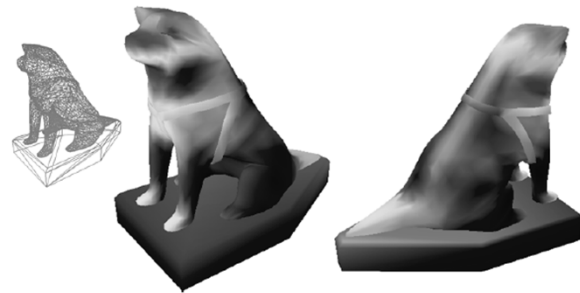
Tactile Mesh Saliency



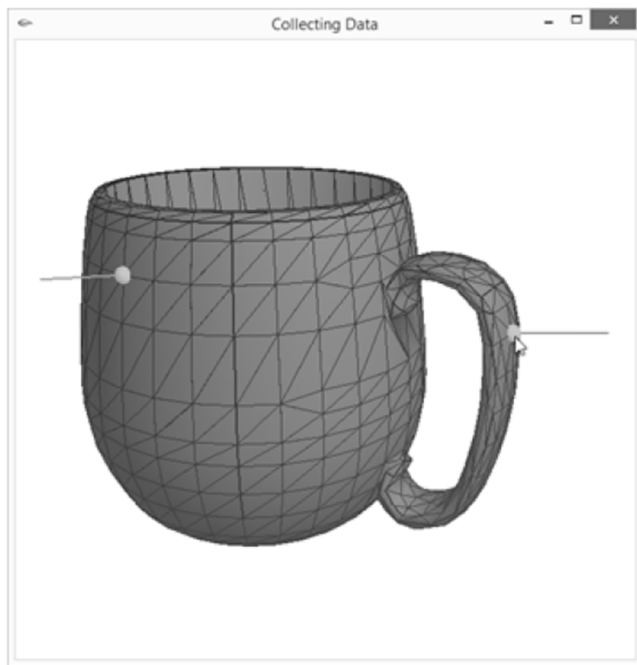
Grasp



Press

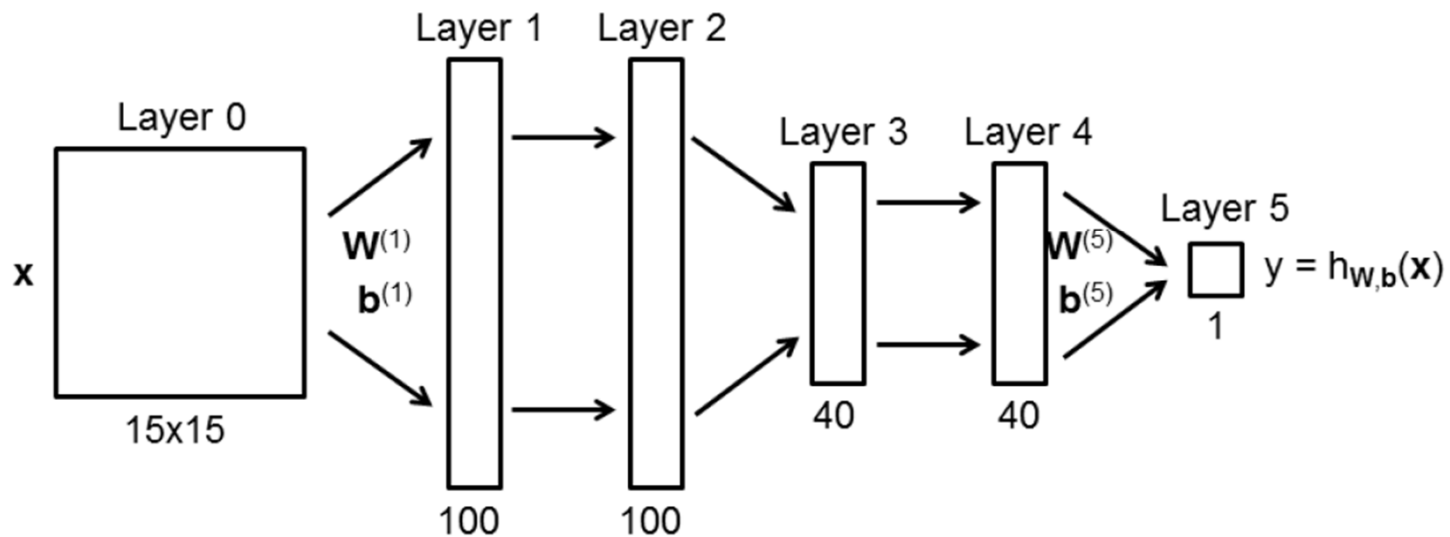


Touch



which point is more salient?

learning to rank formulation





Rendering effect of wear

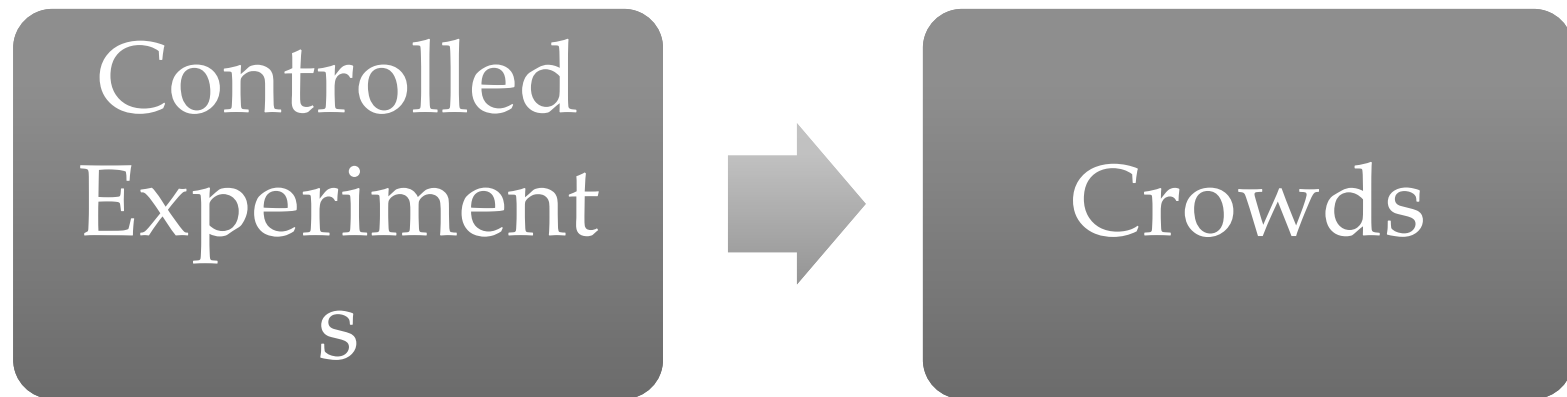


Reinforced 3D model

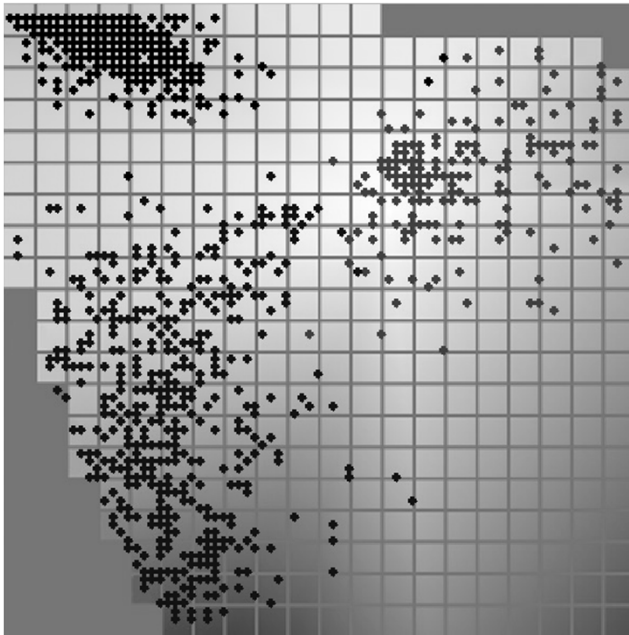
Perceptually Based Rendering

- What is perceptually-based rendering?
- History: Perception and Rendering
- Models: Transport and Input
- Hardware: 2D and 3D
- Experiments: Labs and Crowds

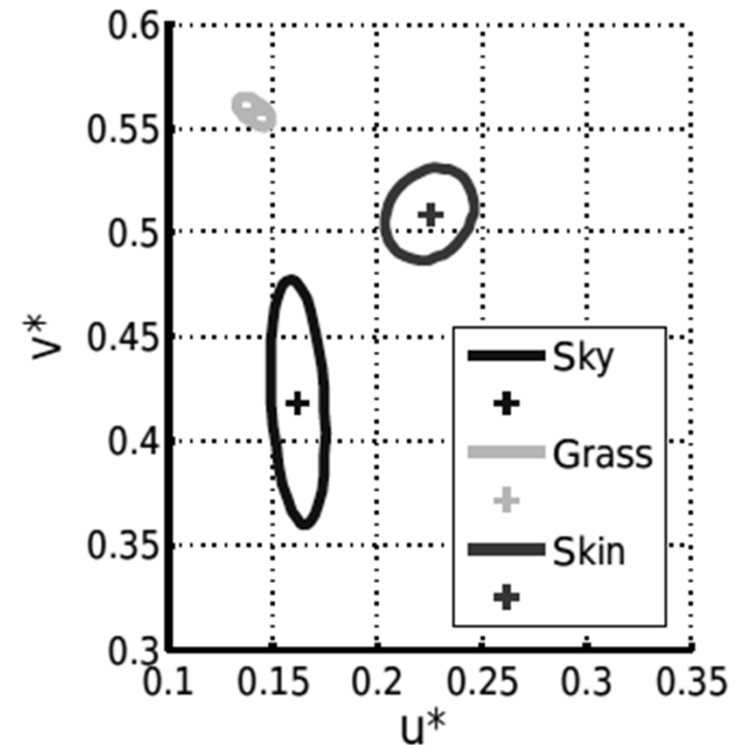
Crowd Sourcing



Crowd Sourcing



Memory Colors



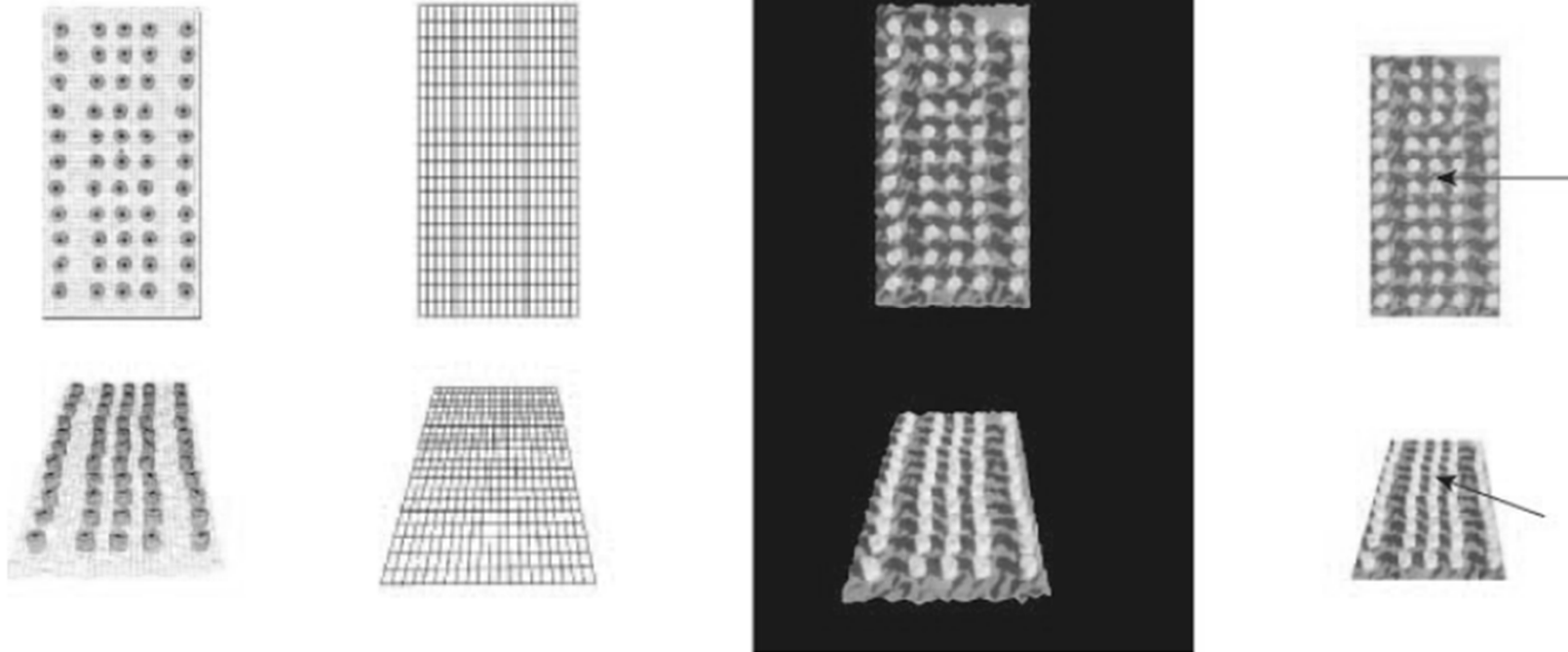
- Xue, Tan, McNamara, Dorsey, and Rushmeier, HVEI2014

Editing images – adjusting towards memory colors



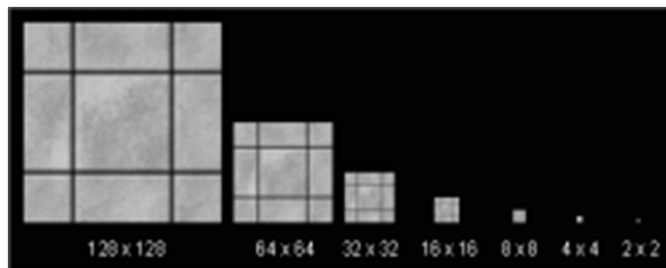
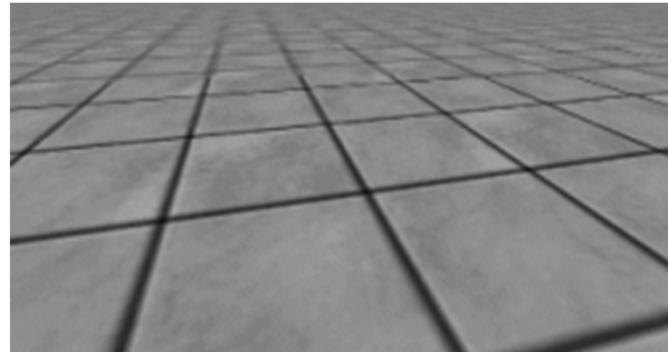
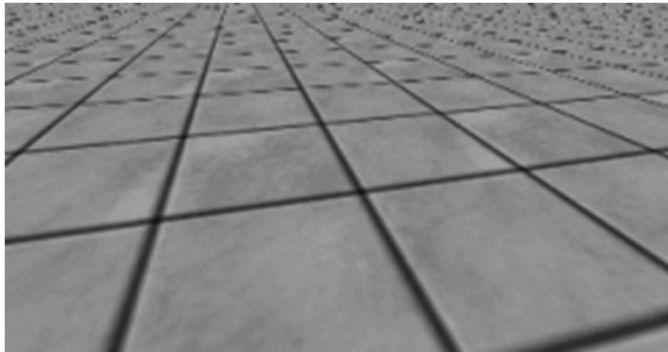
Bidirectional Texture Functions :

Textures that encode variations with position and direction



A flat image that looks different from different angles.

What about filtering for classic mipmapping?



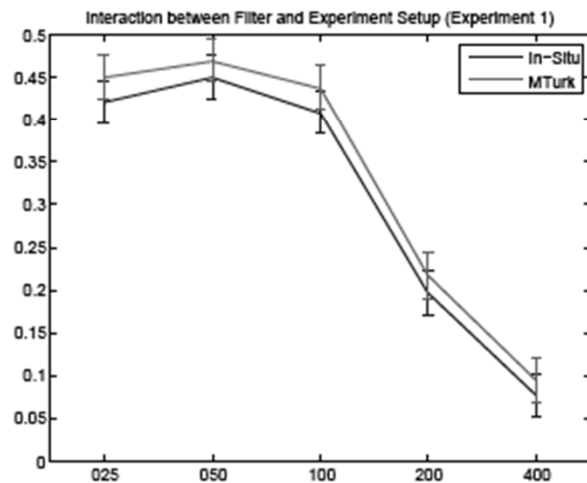
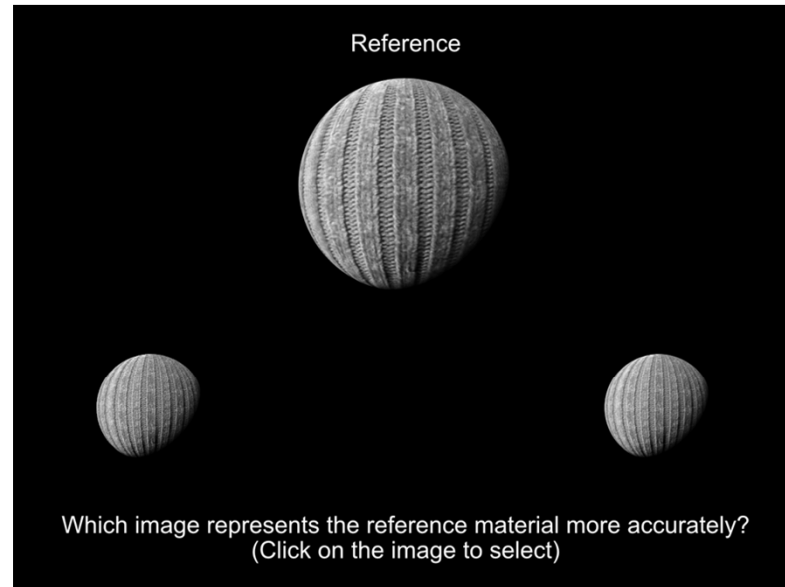
http://www.gamedev.net/page/resources/_/technical/directx-and-xna/mip-mapping-in-direct3d-r1233

Reference

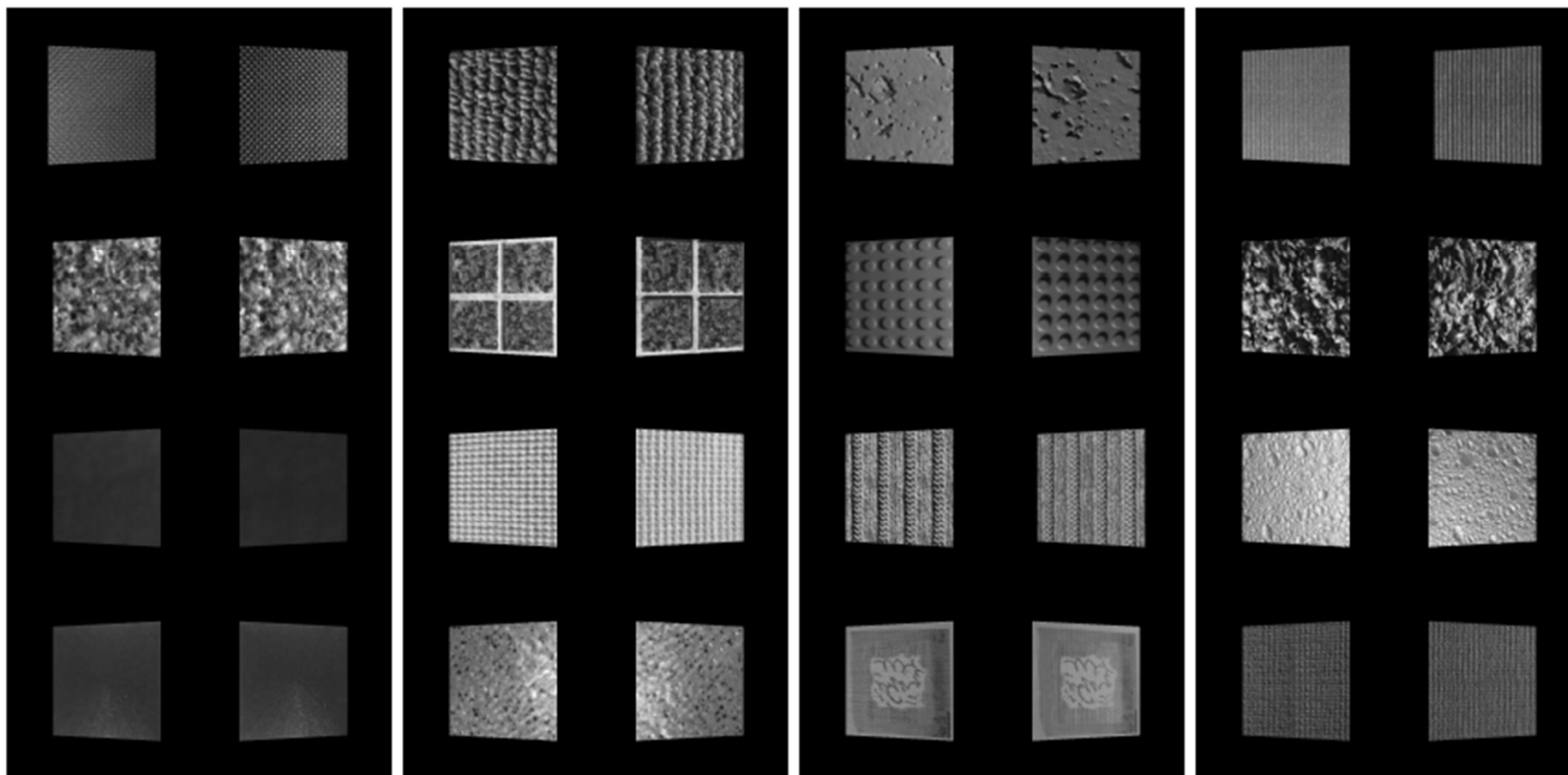


Which image represents the reference material more accurately?
(Click on the image to select)

Crowd Sourcing



Categorization Experiment



Summary of the Future of Perceptually Based Rendering

